CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Review Report June 30, 2022 and 2021 (Stock Code: 3062)

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

Independent Auditor' Review Report Translated from Chinese Financial Review No.22001468(2022)

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of CyberTAN Technology Inc.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the "CyberTAN Group") as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and notes to the consolidated financial statements.(including a summary of significant accounting policies) Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34,"Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements accounting on these consolidated financial statements.

Scope of review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No.65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for qualified conclusion

As explained in Notes 4(3) and 6(6), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for using equity method were not reviewed by independent auditors. Total assets of these subsidiaries (including investments accounted for using equity method) amounted to NT\$62,734 thousand and NT\$50,366 thousand, constituting 1% and 1% of the consolidated total assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, total liabilities amounted to NT\$0 and NT\$0, constituting 0% and 0% of the consolidated total liabilities as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively and total comprehensive income (including share of other comprehensive (loss) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method) amounted to NT\$2,930 thousand and NT(\$933) thousand, NT\$8,049 thousand and NT(\$543) thousand, constituting (3%), (1%),(4%) and 0% of the consolidated total comprehensive (loss) income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Qualified conclusion

Expect for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for using equity method been review by independent auditors as described in the *Basis for qualified conclusion* section above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements to not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of CyberTAN Group as at June 30, 2022 and 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commissions.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan FENG-MIN CHUAN

CPA

HSU-YUNG CHIEN

Former Securities and Futures Bureau, Financial Supervisory Commission of Executive Yuan Approval Reference No.: Jin-Guan-Zheng-Liu-Zi No. 0960038033 Former Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance Approval No.: (84)Taiwan –Finance-Securities (6)No. 13377

August 11, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the

responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

<u>CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries</u> <u>Consolidated Balance Sheet</u> <u>June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021</u> (The balance sheets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

Unit: NTD thousand

			June 30, 202			D	ecember 31, 2	2021	June 30, 202		21
	Assets	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%		Amount	%
	Current assets										
1100	Cash and Cash Equivalents	6(1)	\$	1,961,876	24	\$	2,170,325	29	\$	1,384,711	18
1136	Financial assets measured at	6(3)									
	amortized cost - current			1,320,444	16		1,190,634	16		1,982,600	26
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)		624,973	8		723,967	10		557,285	7
1180	Accounts receivable - the	6(4) and 7									
	related party, net			435,891	5		321,643	4		363,126	5
1200	Other accounts receivable	7		12,894	-		10,070	-		23,123	-
1220	Income tax assets in the current										
	period			11,810	-		11,591	-		-	-
130X	Inventory	6(5)		1,179,831	15		545,221	7		585,462	8
1470	Other current assets			11,829	-		6,486	-		8,775	-
11XX	Total current assets			5,559,548	68		4,979,937	66		4,905,082	64
	Non-current assets										
1517	Financial assets measured at	6(2)									
	fair value through profit or loss										
	- non-current			36,407	-		71,932	1		166,659	2
1535	Financial assets measured at	6(3) and 8									
	amortized cost -non-current			22,284	-		21,070	-		21,067	-
1550	Investment at equity method	6(6)		1,015,611	13		964,044	13		1,106,907	14
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(7)		717,996	9		723,350	10		709,881	9
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(8) and 7		537,129	7		562,772	7		550,885	7
1780	Intangible assets			15,707	-		14,715	-		14,884	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets			30,381	-		35,407	-		41,719	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(10)		208,543	3		212,619	3		204,116	3
15XX	Total non-current assets			2,584,058	32		2,605,909	34		2,816,118	36
1XXX	Total assets		\$	8,143,606	100	\$	7,585,846	100	\$	7,721,200	100

(To be continued)

<u>CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries</u> <u>Consolidated Balance Sheet</u> <u>June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021</u> (The balance sheets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

Unit: NTD thousand

			June 30, 202		2	December 31, 2	2021	June 30, 2021		
	Liabilities and equity	Notes		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
	Current liabilities						. <u> </u>			
2100	Short-term loans	6(11)	\$	1,006,842	12	\$ 570,450	8	\$ 436,283	6	
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(18)		36,319	-	34,060	-	37,248	1	
2170	Accounts payable			927,837	11	612,323	8	720,172	9	
2180	Accounts payable - the related	7								
	party			44,046	1	46,674	1	49,752	1	
2200	Other payables			211,990	3	194,086	3	230,798	3	
2220	Other payables – the related	7								
	party			21,650	-	11,927	-	13,838	-	
2230	Income tax liabilities in the									
	current period			4,362	-	9,270	-	18,388	-	
2250	Liability reserve – current	6(13)		7,411	-	5,101	-	13,387	-	
2280	Lease liabilities – current	7		51,639	1	48,060	1	45,761	1	
2365	Refund liabilities - current			2,570	-	2,151	-	3,515	-	
2399	Other current liabilities -others			44,745	1	35,699	-	87,855	1	
21XX	Total current liabilities			2,359,411	29	1,569,801	21	1,656,997	22	
	Non-current liabilities									
2550	Liability reserve – non-current	6(13)		6,687	-	9,367	-	11,772	-	
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities			20,948	-	16,205	-	33,923	-	
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	7		511,498	7	536,307	7	523,477	7	
2600	Other non-current liabilities	7		7,289	-	7,887	-	7,017	-	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			546,422	7	569,766	7	576,189	7	
2XXX	Total liabilities			2,905,833	36	2,139,567	28	2,233,186	29	
	Equity attributable to parent									
	company shareholders									
	Capital stock	6(14)								
3110	Common stock			3,286,054	40	3,286,054	43	3,286,054	43	
	Capital reserves	6(15)								
3200	Capital reserves			592,509	8	572,050	8	575,905	6	
	Retained earnings	6(16)								

<u>CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries</u> <u>Consolidated Balance Sheet</u> <u>June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021</u> (The balance sheets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

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3310 Legal reserve			825,257	10	821,042	11	816,159	11
3320 Special reserve			122,154	1	187,892	3	126,502	2
3350 Undistributed earnings			552,503	7	701,395	9	737,466	10
Other equity	6(17)							
3400Other equity		(140,704) (2) (122,154) (2) (54,072) (1)
31XX Total equity attributable to								
parent company								
shareholders			5,237,773	64	5,446,279	72	5,488,014	71
3XXX Total equity			5,237,773	64	5,446,279	72	5,488,014	71
Major Contingent Liabilities and	9							
Commitments Made Under								
Unrecognized Contracts								
Significant Subsequent Events	11							
3X2X Total liabilities and equity		\$	8,143,606	100 \$	7,585,846	100 \$	7,721,200	100

CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries Consolidated statement of comprehensive income January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NTD thousand (Except the unit of earnings per share is NTD)

				Three	months	end	ed June30				Six 1	nonth	s ende	ed June30	
	Itom	Notos	_	2022	0/		2021		0/	_	2022	0/-		2021	%
	Item	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	-	%		Amount	%		Amount	
4000	Operating revenue	6(18) and 7	\$	1,176,088	100	\$	949,420		100	\$	1,956,227	100) \$	2,002,630	100
5000	Operating cost	6(5)(23)													
		(24) and 7	(1,128,444)	(96)	(916,355)	(97)	(1,920,979)	(98	<u> </u>	1,888,914)	(94)
5950	Net operating gross profit		_	47,644	4		33,065	_	3		35,248		2	113,716	6
	Operating expense	6(23)													
		(24) and 7													
6100	Selling expenses		(11,617)	(1)	(11,891)	(1)	(23,153)	(1	l) (24,013)	(1)
6200	Administrative expenses		(56,180)	(5)	(17,852)	(2)	(73,725)	(4	4) (33,657)	(2)
6300	R&D expenses		(60,838)	(5)	(69,116)	(7)	(118,835)	((5) (126,162)	(6)
6450	Expected credit impairment	12(2)													
	profits (losses)		(1,986)		(381)	_	-	(2,825)			2,623	
6000	Total operating expenses		(130,621)	(11)	(99,240)	(10)	(218,538)	(1	I) (181,209)	()
6900	Operating losses		(82,977)	(7)	(66,175)	(7)	(183,290)	() (67,493)	(3)
	Non-operating revenue and														
	expenses														
7100	Interest revenue	6(19)		6,910	1		4,653		1		11,441		-	9,625	1
7010	Other revenue	6(20)and 7		18,838	2		22,392		2		38,301	2	2	43,786	2
7020	Other gains and losses	6(21)		1,589	-		68,323		7		14,888	1	1	65,410	3
7050	Financial Costs	6(22)and 7	(7,747)	(1)	(5,431)	(1)	(13,531)	(1	l) (11,244)	(1)
7060	The share of the profit or loss	s 6(6)													
	of affiliated companies, joint														
	ventures recognized under														
	the equity method		(28,714)	(3)	(20,163)	(2)	(60,982)	(3) (49,814)	(2)
7000	Total non-operating														
	income and expense		(9,124)	()		69,774	_	7	(9,883)	(1)	57,763	3
7900	Net profit before tax		(92,101)	(8)		3,599		-	(193,173)	(10)) (9,730)	-

CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries Consolidated statement of comprehensive income January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NTD thousand (Except the unit of earnings per share is NTD)

				Three months ended June30						Six months ended June30				
				2022			2021			2022		2021		
	Item	Notes	Aı	nount	%	Amou	int	%		Amount	%	Amount	%	
7950	Income tax benefits	6(25)	(8,976)	()	7	7,670	1	(2,668)		4,691		
8200	Current net profit		(\$	101,077)	(9)	\$ 11	1,269	1	(\$	195,841)	(10) (\$ 5,039)	-	

(To be continued)

<u>CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries</u> <u>Consolidated statement of comprehensive income</u> <u>January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021</u>

Unit: NTD thousand (Except the unit of earnings per share is NTD)

					ree month	s ended June30)			months end		
	Item	Notes		2022 Amount	%	2021 Amount	%		2022 Amount	%	2021 Amount	%
	Other comprehensive income	110100				- iniouni						/0
	Items not reclassified to profit											
	or loss											
8316	Unrealized valuation gains and	6(2)(17)										
	loss from equity instrument											
	investments measured at fair											
	value through other											
	comprehensive income		(\$	3,435)	- 5	5 137,377	15	(\$	36,489)	(2) \$	141,223	-
8320	The share of other	6(6)(17)										
	comprehensive income of											
	affiliated companies, joint											
	ventures recognized under the											
	equity method – items not											
	reclassified to profit or loss		(12,537)	(1) (1,224)	-	(10,815)	-	7,824	
8349	Income tax related to items not	6(17)										
	reclassified	(25)		-	-	903	-		435	-	1,835	
8310	Total of items not											
	reclassified to profit or loss		(15,972)	(1)	137,056	15	(46,869)	(2)	150,882	-
	Items may be reclassified to											
	profit or loss subsequently											
8361	Exchange difference in the	6(17)										
	financial statement translation											
	of the foreign operation			1,735	-	6,030	-		25,420	1	4,492	
8370	The share of other	6(6)(17)										
	comprehensive income of											
	affiliated companies, joint											
	ventures recognized under the											
	equity method - items may be											
	reclassified to profit or loss			131	- (2,344)	-		9,839	- (3,667)	
8399	Income tax related to items	617										
	may be reclassified	(25)	(347)	(1,206)		(5,084)	- (899)	
8360	Total of items may be											
	reclassified to profit or loss											
	subsequently			1,519		2,480			30,175	1 (74)	
8300	Other comprehensive income											
	(net amount)		(\$	14,453)	()	5 139,536	15	(\$	16,694)	(1) §	150,808	
8500	Total comprehensive income for											
	the year		(\$	115,530)	(10) 5	5 150,805	16	(\$	212,535)	(11) \$	145,769	7

<u>CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries</u> <u>Consolidated statement of comprehensive income</u> <u>January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021</u>

Unit: NTD thousand

(Except the unit of earnings per share is NTD)

				Tł	nree mon	ths e	nded June30			Six	months e	ended	d June30	
				2022			2021			2022			2021	
	Item	Notes	1	Amount	%	A	Amount	%		Amount	%		Amount	%
	Net profit attributable to:													
8610	Parent company shareholders		(\$	101,077)	()	\$	11,269	1	(\$	195,841)	(10)	(\$	5,039)	_
	The total comprehensive income													
	attributable to:													
8710	Parent company shareholders		(\$	115,530)	()	\$	150,805	16	(\$	212,535)	()	\$	145,769	7
9750	Basic earnings (loss) per share Total basic earnings (loss) per	6(26)												
	share		(\$		0.31)	\$		0.03	(\$		0.60)	(\$		0.02)
	Diluted earnings (loss) per share	6(26)												
9850	Total diluted earnings (loss)													
	per share		(\$		0.31)	\$		0.03	(\$		0.60)	(\$		0.02)

<u>CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries</u> <u>Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity</u> <u>January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021</u> (Reviewed, Not audited)

Unit: NTD thousand

					Equity attribut	table to	parent compar	ny shar	eholders				
				_	1 2		ined earnings	2		Other	equity	_	
	Notes	Common stock	Capital reserv. stock premiu		Legal reserve	Spe	cial reserve		ndistributed earnings	Exchange difference in the financial statement translation of the foreign operation	Unrealized profit o loss of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		Total
<u>2021</u>													
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 3,286,054	\$ 578,1	31	\$ 816,159	\$	126,502	\$	774,807	(\$ 125,279)	(\$ 62,612) <u></u>	5,393,762
Current net loss		-		-	-		-	(5,039)	-	-	(5,039)
Other comprehensive income for the year	6(17)			-			_			(74)	150,882		150,808
Total comprehensive income for the year				-			-	(5,039)	(74)	150,882		145,769
Appropriation and allocation of earnings in 2020	6(16)												
Allocation of cash dividends		-		-	-		-	(49,291)	-	-	(49,291)
Disposal of equity instrument measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(2)(17)	-		-	-		-		20,483	-	(20,483)	-
Disposal of Investment at equity method	6(15)		(2,2	26)				(3,494)		3,494	(2,226)
Balance at June 30, 2021		\$ 3,286,054	\$ 575,9	05	\$ 816,159	\$	126,502	\$	737,466	(\$ 125,353)	\$ 71,281	\$	5,488,014
<u>2022</u>													
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 3,286,054	\$ 572,0	50	\$ 821,042	\$	187,892	\$	701,395	(\$ 118,968)	(\$ 3,186) \$	5,446,279
Current net loss		-		-	-		-	(195,841)	-	-	(195,841)
Other comprehensive income for the year	6(17)			-			-		-	30,175	(46,869) (16,694)
Total comprehensive income for the year				-				(195,841)	30,175	(46,869) (212,535)
Appropriations of 2021 earnings	6(16)												
Legal reserve		-		-	4,215		-	(4,215)	-	-		-
Reversal of special reserve		-		-	-	(65,738)		65,738	-	-		-
Allocation of cash dividends		-		-	-		-	(16,430)	-	-	(16,430)
Disposal of equity instrument measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(2)(17)	-		-	-		-		1,856	-	(1,856)	-
Recognition of change in equity of associates not in proportion to the Company's ownership	6(6)(15)		20,4	59						<u> </u>			20,459
Balance at June 30, 2022		\$ 3,286,054	\$ 592,5	09	\$ 825,257	\$	122,154	\$	552,503	(\$ 88,793)	(\$ 51,911) <u></u>	5,237,773

<u>CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries</u> <u>Consolidated statement of cash flow</u> <u>January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021</u>

Unit: NTD thousand

	Notes	Januar	y 1 to June 30, 2022	Janua	ry 1 to June 30, 2021
Cash flow from operating activities					
Net profit before tax in the current period		(\$	193,173)	(\$	9,730)
Adjustment items					
Income/expenses items					
Depreciation expenses	6(23)		57,321		48,829
Miscellaneous expenses – depreciation expenses	6(21)		10,494		10,470
Amortization expenses	6(23)		-		115
Expected credit impairment (gains) losses	12(2)		2,825	(2,623)
Interest expenses	6(22)		13,531		11,244
Miscellaneous expenses – interest expenses	6(21)		1,181		1,228
Interest revenue	6(19)	(11,441)	(9,625)
Dividend revenue	6(2)(20)		-	(408)
Share of profit or loss from affiliated companies under	6(6)				
the equity method			60,982		49,814
Gain on disposal of Investment at equity method	6(6)(21)		-	(76,131)
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(21)	(954)	(257)
Property, plant, and equipment recognized as expenses					
Changes of assets/liabilities related to operating					
activities					
Net changes of assets/liabilities related to operating					
activities		(18,079)		420,114
Accounts receivable (including the related party)		(643,469)	(66,080)
Other accounts receivable		(1,554)		10,022
Other current assets		(5,343)	(2,052)
Other non-current assets			1,199		671
Net changes of liabilities related to operating activities					
Contract liabilities – current			2,259	(16,235
Accounts payable (including the related party)			312,886	(124,102)
Other payables (including the related party)			11,197		11,841
Refund liabilities – current			419		1,654
Liability reserve		(370)	(11,972)
Advance on rent		(949)	(307)
Cash (outflow) inflow from operations		(401,038)		246,480
(Paid) returned income tax		(2,550)	(9,763)
Net cash (outflow) inflow from operating					
activities		(403,588)		236,717
Cash flow from investing activities					
<u>Cash flow from investing activities</u>	6(2)				
Disposal of financial assets proceeds measured at fair value	6(2)	\$	1 202	\$	10 747
through profit or loss	12(2)	φ	1,892	φ	10,747
Refunds from liquidation of financial assets measured at fair	12(3)				1.000
value through profit or loss		,	-	(1,260
Acquisition of financial assets measured at amortized cost		(131,024)	(579,372)

<u>CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries</u> <u>Consolidated statement of cash flow</u> <u>January 1 to March 31, 2022 and 2021</u>

Unit: NTD thousand

	Notes		January 1 to June 30, 2022	_	January 1 to June 30, 2021
Disposal of investment under equity method	6(6)		-		135,467
Refunds from decapitalization of the invested company under	6(6)				
the equity method			-		5,000
Acquisition of investment using equity method Interest	6(6)				
received		(95,511)		-
Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment	6(7)	(31,612)	(18,940)
Disposal of property, plant, and equipment proceeds			2,302		257
(Increase) in refundable deposit			6,304		486
(Increase) prepayments for equipment		(3,427)		-
Interest received			10,171		9,021
Dividends received			-		408
Allocation of cash dividends from affiliated companies under	6(6)				
the equity method			2,445		-
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities		(238,460)	(435,666)
Cash flow from financing activities					
Increase in short-term loans			436,392		-
Decrease in short-term loans			-	(252,130)
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits		(598)		2,585
Repayment of lease principal	6(28)	(23,456)	(22,887)
Interest paid		(14,712)	(12,472)
Decrease in other current liabilities			9,995	(8,794)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities			407,621	(293,698)
Foreign exchange rate effect			25,978	(6,664)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents in the current period		(208,449)	(499,311)
Balance of cash and cash equivalents, beginning			2,170,325		1,884,022
Balance of cash and cash equivalents, ending		\$	1,961,876	\$	1,384,711

<u>CyberTAN Technology Inc. and the subsidiaries</u> <u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u> <u>For the Six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021</u> <u>(Reviewed, not audited)</u>

Unit: NTD thousand (Unless otherwise specified)

I. <u>Company History and Business Scope</u>

CyberTAN Technology Inc. (hereinafter referred to as the "the Company") was established in the Republic of China. The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as "the Group") have mainly engaged in wired communication mechanical equipment manufacturing, electronic components manufacturing, and the R&D, development and sales of broadband Internet routers, gateways, virtual private networks, firewalls, Layer 3 and Layer 4 switches, wired broadband network security router and wireless broadband network security router.

II. Approval Date and Procedures of the Financial Statements

The consolidated financial report was released after being approved by the board of directors on August 11, 2022.

III. New Standards, Amendments, and Interpretations Adopted

(I) Effect of adopting the new promulgated or amended IFRS endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "FSC")

The following are applicable promulgated, amended and revised standards and interpretations of IFRSs endorsed by the FSC in 2022:

New, Amended, or Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date per IASB
Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual	January 1, 2022
Framework"	
Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment:	January 1, 2022
Proceeds before Intended Use"	
Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts – Cost of	January 1, 2022
Fulfilling a Contract"	
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 – 2020 Cycle	January 1, 2022

The Group evaluated that the above standards and interpretations applicable have no significant impact on the financial status and business results of the Group.

(II) Effect of not adopting the new promulgated or revised IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed by the FSC

The following are applicable promulgated, amended and revised new standards and interpretations of IFRSs endorsed by the FSC in 2023:

New, Amended, or Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date per IASB
Amendments to IAS 1, "Disclosure of accounting policies"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, "Definition of accounting estimates"	January 1, 2023

Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred tax related to assets and January 1, 2023 liabilities arising from a single transaction"

The Group evaluated that the above standards and interpretations applicable have no significant impact on the financial status and business results of the Group.

(III) Impacts of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet approved by FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New, Amended, or Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date per IASB							
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution	To be decided by IASB							
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint								
Venture"								
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023							
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023							
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS	59-							
Comparative information'	January 1, 2023							
Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	January 1, 2023							
(Amendments to IAS 1)								

The Group evaluated that the above standards and interpretations applicable have no significant impact on the financial status and business results of the Group.

IV. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The major accounting policies applied to prepare the consolidated financial statements are as follows. Unless otherwise provided, the policies have been applied during all the presentation period.

(I) <u>Compliance Statement</u>

The consolidated financial statements of the have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

- (II) <u>Basis of preparation</u>
 - 1. Except the following important items, the consolidated financial report was prepared based on the historical cost:
 - (1) Financial instruments and liabilities (including derivatives) measured at fair value through profit or loss based on fair value.
 - (2) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income based on fair value.
 - (3) Defined benefit liability stated based on the net after pension fund assets less the present value of defined benefit obligations.
 - 2. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and

SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(III) Basis of consolidation

- 1. Principle for the preparation of consolidated financial statements
- (1) The Group included all of the subsidiaries into the consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries mean the entities controlled by the Group (including structured entities). When the Group is exposed to the changes of remuneration participated by the entities or is entitled to changes of remuneration, and is able to influence the remuneration by virtue of its power over the entities, the Group is held controlling the entities. The subsidiaries are included into the consolidated financial statements on the date when the Group acquires the controlling power, and the consolidation shall be suspended as of the date when the Group forfeits the controlling power.
- (2) Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group companies are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Accounting policies of the subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (3) Elements of the income and other comprehensive income shall be vested in parent company shareholders and non-controlling equity. The total comprehensive income shall be vested in parent company shareholders and non-controlling equity, even if the non-controlling equity suffers loss.
- (4) Where the changes in shareholdings of subsidiaries don't result in forfeiture of controlling power (transactions with non-controlling equity), they shall be processed as equity transactions, which are identified as the transactions with parent company shareholders. The price difference between the adjustment value of non-controlling equity and fair value of paid or collected consideration was directly recognized as equity.
- (5) When the Group forfeits control over its subsidiaries, its residual investment in the subsidiaries shall be remeasured based on fair value, and identified as the fair value of financial asset recognized initially or cost of the investment in affiliated companies or joint ventures recognized initially. The price difference between the fair value and book value is stated into current income. Where the accounting treatment for the values related to the subsidiaries as stated into other comprehensive income previously is identical with the basis for the Group's direct disposition of related assets or liabilities, namely, if the gain or loss stated into other comprehensive income previously would be reclassified into profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed thereof, the profit or loss shall be reclassified into income from equity, when the Group forfeits control over the subsidiaries.

2. The subsidiaries covered within the consolidated financial report:

Investor	Subsidiaries		H	Equity percentage	e	
		Nature of	June 30,	December	June 30,	-
Name	Name	business	2022	31, 2021	2021	Description
The Company	CyberTAN Corp(U.S.A)	Sales company	100%	100%	100%	(1)
"	Ta Tang Investment Co., Ltd.	General investment business	100%	100%	100%	
"	CyberTAN (B.V.I) Investment Corp.	"	100%	100%	100%	
CyberTAN (B.V.I)Investment Corp.	HON YAO FU Technology Company Limited	Manufacturing company	100%	100%	100%	
"	CyberTAN Technology (HONG KONG) Limited	General investment business	100%	100%	100%	
CyberTAN Technology (HONG KONG) Limited	Fuhongkang Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing company	100%	100%	100%	
Fuhongkang Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Chongqing Hongdaofu Technology Co., Ltd.	u	100%	100%	100%	

(1) The financial statements of the entity as of and for the three-month periods ended

June 30, 2022 and 2021 were not reviewed by the independent accountants as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.

- 3. The subsidiaries that are not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- 4. Different adjustment and treatment by subsidiaries in the accounting period: None.
- 5. Significant restrictions: None.
- 6. Subsidiaries over which the Group holds important non-controlling equity: None.

(IV) Translation of foreign currency

Each item listed in the separate financial statements of the Group is measured by the currency of the primary economic environment in which the business department situated (i.e. functional currency). The consolidated financial report was prepared in the Company's functional currency, "NTD."

- 1. Foreign currency transaction and balance
- (1) Foreign currency transaction converts the conversion difference generated by the transaction to functional currency adopting the spot exchange rate on the date of transactions or measurement date and recognizes the difference as current profit or loss.
- (2) The monetary assets and balance of liabilities in foreign currency are adjusted based on the spot exchange rate evaluation on the balance sheet date and the conversion difference generated by adjustment is recognized as current profit or loss.
- (3) For non-monetary assets and balance of liabilities in foreign currency, those measured at fair value through profit or loss are adjusted based on the spot exchange rate evaluation on the balance sheet date and the conversion difference generated by adjustment is recognized as current profit or loss; those measured at fair value

through other comprehensive income are adjusted based on the spot exchange rate evaluation on the balance sheet date and the conversion difference generated by adjustment is recognized as other comprehensive income item; those not measured at fair value are measured at historical exchange rate on initial transaction date.

- (4) All exchange gain or loss is listed in "Other Profit and Loss" of profit and loss statement.
- 2. Translation of the foreign operation
- (1) For all Group's entities, affiliated companies and joint agreements with differences in functional currency and presentation currency, the business result and financial status is converted to presentation currency by the following method:
 - A. The assets and liabilities presented in each balance sheet were translated based on the exchange rates closed on every balance sheet date;
 - B. The profits and losses presented in each statement of comprehensive income were translated in accordance with the average exchange rates in current period; and
 - C. All resulted exchange differences were recognized under other comprehensive income.
- (2) When the foreign operation for partial disposal or selling is a subsidiary, the accumulated exchange differences recognized under other comprehensive income are reattributed proportionally as non-controlling equity of the subsidiaries. However, when the Group maintains partial rights of the former subsidiary but losses the control over the subsidiary included in the foreign operation institutions, it is conducted based on the disposal of all equity in the foreign operation institutions.

(V) Classification of assets and liabilities as current and non-current

- 1. Assets that match any of the following conditions shall be classified as current assets:
- (1) Assets expected to be realized, intent to be sold or consumed over the normal operating cycles.
- (2) Primarily for trading purposes.
- (3) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date.
- (4) Assets in cash or cash equivalents, except for those that are used for an exchange or to settle a liability, or otherwise remain restricted in more than 12 months after the balance sheet date.

The Group listed all assets that did not comply with the following conditions as non-current assets.

- 2. Assets that match any of the following conditions shall be classified as current liabilities:
 - (1) Liabilities expected to be settled in normal business cycle.
- (2) Primarily for trading purposes.
- (3) Liabilities expected to be settled within 12 months after the balance sheet date.
- (4) Liabilities with settlement period which cannot be unconditionally deferred for at least 12 months after the date of the balance sheet. Liabilities under the terms that give counterparties the option repay in the form of equity instruments and without the effect on their classification due to such terms

The Group listed all assets that did not comply with the following conditions as

non-current liabilities.

(VI) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalent includes short-term and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of changes in value. The time deposits that fall into the above definition and are intended to satisfy the short-term cash commitment shall be classified cash equivalents.

(VII) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

- 1. This refers to irrevocable choice at initial recognition to recognize the later fair value change of the equity instrument investment held not for transaction in other comprehensive profit or loss; or at the same time the debt instrument investment meets the following conditions:
- (1) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell.
- (2) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- 2. The Group adopts the trade date accounting for financial assets in accordance with the general trade practice measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- 3. It is initially recognized at fair value plus the transaction cost by the Group and the subsequent valuation is measured at fair value:
- (1) The changes in fair value belonging to equity instrument investment are recognized as other comprehensive income. During derecognition, accumulated profit or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income shall not be subsequently reclassified as profit or loss but classified as retained earnings. When the Group is entitled to collect dividends, the economic effect related to the dividend may inflow and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Therefore, the related dividend revenue shall be recognized as profit or loss.
- (2) The changes in fair value of debt instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income. Before derecognition, impairment loss, interest income and gain or loss on foreign exchange which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial assets is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

(VIII) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

- 1. This refers to those meeting the following conditions at the same time:
- (1) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.
- (2) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- 2. The Group adopts the trade date accounting for financial assets in accordance with the

general trade practice measured at amortized cost.

- 3. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, impairment loss on and interest income from these financial assets is recognized using the effective interest method in accordance with the amortization procedure. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.
- 4. The time deposit not complying with cash equivalents held by the Group is measured at investment amount since the impact of discounting was insignificant.

(IX) Accounts and notes receivable

- 1. This refers to accounts from the rights to receive consideration without any condition due to commodity transfer or labor service based on contract agreement.
- 2. This belongs to short-term accounts and notes receivable with unpaid interest. The invoice payable was measured at the initial per value by the Group since the impact of discounting was insignificant.

(X) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and measured at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(XI) Derecognition of the financial assets

The Group will derecognize financial assets only in the event where the interests on a contract for financial assets-based cash flow ceased to be effective.

(XII) Lease transactions of lessor - operating lease

The lease income from operating lease deducting any given incentives of the lessee is amortized and recognized as current profit or loss under straight-line method over the lease period.

(XIII) <u>Inventory</u>

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value while the cost is determined by weighted average method. The cost of finished product and goods in process includes material, direct manpower, other direct costs and manufacturing expenses related to production (amortized based on normal productivity) without loan cost. The item-by-item comparison method is adopted when comparing the cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in ordinary course of business less the estimated cost needed to complete the work and estimated costs required to complete the sale.

(XIV) Investment – affiliated companies under equity method

- 1. The affiliated companies refer to the entity in which the Group has significant impact upon and often holds more than 20% of voting shares directly or indirectly. The investment of the Group in the affiliated companies adopts the equity method for disposal and is recognized based on cost upon acquisition.
- 2. The shares in profit or loss acquired from affiliated companies by the Group were recognized as current profit or loss and shares of other comprehensive income was recognized as other comprehensive income. In the event that the Group's shares of loss in the affiliated companies is equal to or exceed its equity in the affiliated companies (including other unsecured receivables), the Group does not recognize further losses, unless in the event of occurrence of legal obligations, presumed obligations or within the scope that the Group made payment on behalf of the affiliated companies.
- 3. When changes to equity irrespective of profit and loss or comprehensive income occur to affiliated companies with no impact on the shareholding ratio of the Group, all of changes in equity will be recognized as "capital reserves" based on the shareholding ratio by the Group.
- 4. The unrealized profit or loss deriving from the transactions between the Group and the affiliated companies were written off based on the equity ratio of the affiliated companies; the unrealized loss was written off unless the evidence displayed the impairment of transferred assets in such transaction. Accounting policies of the affiliated companies have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- 5. When the Group forfeits its material influence over the affiliated companies, if the Group disposes the affiliated companies, the accounting treatment for the values related to the affiliated companies as stated into other comprehensive income previously is identical with the basis for the Group's direct disposition of related assets or liabilities, namely, if the gain or loss stated into other comprehensive income previously would be reclassified into income when the related assets or liabilities are disposed thereof, the gain or loss shall be reclassified into income from equity, when the Group has no significant impact on the affiliated companies, the amount previously recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred according to the method stated above based on the proportion.
- 6. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, then the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

(XV) Property, plant and equipment

- 1. Property, plant and equipment is accounted at acquisition cost at initiation and the relevant interest is capitalized during the purchase and construction period.
- 2. The subsequent cost is included in the book value of assets or recognized as single asset only when future economic benefits related to such item will probable inflow to the Group and the cost of such item can be measured reliably. The book value of the

replaced part shall be derecognized. All other repair expenses are recognized as profit or loss upon occurring.

- 3. While land is not depreciated, other property, plant and equipment that apply cost model are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. If each component of property, plant and equipment is significant in relation to the total cost of the item, it must be depreciated separately.
- 4. The Group at least reviews the residual value, estimated useful years and depreciation method of each asset at the end of each fiscal year. If the expected values of the residual value and useful years are different from the previous estimate or the expected consumption pattern used in future economic benefits of such asset has significant changes, it is conducted based on the accounting estimate of IFRS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" since the date of change. The useful life of each asset are as follows:

House and buildings	3 years to 41 years
(The useful life of interior construction is 3–10 years)	
Machinery and equipment	3 years to 10 years
Transportation equipment	5 years
Office equipment	2 years to 10 years
Other equipment	2 years to 5 years
se transactions of lessee _ right_of_use assets/lease liabilities	

(XVI) Lease transactions of lessee - right-of-use assets/lease liabilities

- 1. The lease asset is recognized as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities upon the date available for use by the Group. When the lease contract is short-term lease or low-valued underlying asset lease, the lease payment is recognized as expenses on a straight-line method within the lease period.
- 2. The unpaid lease payment is recognized as lease liability based on present value discounted at the Group's incremental borrowing rate of interest on the start date of lease. The lease payment belongs to fixed payment deducting any received lease incentives.

Subsequently, it is measured at the amortized cost under the interest method, and the interest expense is recognized during the lease period. When changes in lease term or lease payment are not caused by contract modification, lease liabilities will be reevaluated and the remeasurement will be used to adjust right-of-use assets.

- 3. The right-of-use assets are recognized based on the cost on the starting date of the lease, the cost includes:
- (1) The original measured amount of lease liability;
- (2) Any lease payment paid before or on the starting date; and
- (3) Initial direct costs incurred.

The subsequence is measured by cost model and the right-of-use assets provide depreciation from the starting date of lease, up to the durable life expires or the lease period expires, the earlier prevails. When the lease liabilities are reassessed, the right-of-use assets will adjust any remeasurement of the lease liabilities.

4. For lease modification regarding the decrease in scope of lease, the lessee will decrease the book amount of right-of-use assets to reflect partial or overall termination of lease and will recognize the difference between it and the remeasurement amount of

lease liabilities as profit or loss.

(XVII) Intangible assets

The computer software is recognized by acquisition cost and is amortized under straight-line method based on 2 years of useful life.

(XVIII) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group will estimate the recoverable amount of the assets which show signs of impairment on the balance sheet date, and impairment loss would be recognized if the recoverable amount falls below the asset's face value. The recoverable amount is the fair value of an asset less the disposition cost or the use value, whichever is higher. Impairment loss recognized in previous years on assets may be reversed if the basis of impairment no longer existed or is reduced. Notwithstanding, the increase in book value of the asset resulting from the reversal must not exceed the face value of the asset less depreciation or amortization without impairment.

(XIX) Loans

This refers to the long-term and short-term loan borrowed from the bank. Loans of the Group is measured based on the fair value less trading cost at the time of initial recognition. The subsequent measurement of any difference between the price lessing trading cost and redemption value, its interest expenses shall be recognized in profit or loss based on amortized procedure under effective interest method within the outstanding period.

(XX) <u>Notes and Accounts payable</u>

- 1. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchase s of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- 2. This belongs to short-term notes and accounts payable with unpaid interest. The invoice payable was measured at the initial per value by the Group since the impact of discounting was insignificant.

(XXI) Derecognition of the financial liabilities

The Group will have the financial liabilities derecognized when the contractual obligation is performed, discharged, or expired.

(XXII) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

The financial assets and liabilities may be offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts of the financial assets and liabilities and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(XXIII) Liability reserve

The reserve for warranty liabilities shall be recognized when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The reserve for liabilities is measured by best estimated present value paid to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date. The discount rate adopts the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the specific risk assessment of current market toward the time value of money and the liabilities and the

discounted amortization is then recognized as interest expenses. The future operating loss shall not be recognized in the reserve for liabilities.

(XXIV) Employee benefits

1. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at non-discounted amount expected to be paid, and stated as expenses when the relevant services are provided.

- 2. Pension
- (1) Defined appropriation plan

Under the defined contribution plan, every contribution made to the pension fund is recognized as pension cost in the period occurred using the accrual basis. The prepaid contribution may be stated as assets, insofar as it may be refunded in cash or the future payment is reduced.

- (2) Defined benefit plan
 - A. The net obligation under the defined benefit pension plan is converted to the present value based on the future benefit earned from the services provided by the employees under various benefit plans in the current period or in the past, and the present value of defined benefit obligations on the balance sheet date less the fair value of the planned assets. An actuary uses the Projected Unit Credit Method estimates defined benefit obligations each year. The discount rate is based on the market yield rate of government bonds (on the balance sheet date) that have the same currency exposure and maturity date as the obligations on the balance sheet date.
 - B. The re-measurement generated from the defined benefit plan is stated as other comprehensive income in the period when it is incurred, and presented in the retained earnings.
 - C. The expense for service costs for the prior period is recognized immediately in profit or loss.
 - D. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted if there have been any significant market fluctuations and significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events since that time. The related information is disclosed accordingly.
- 3. Terminaiton benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognizes expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or it recognizes relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value. 4. Remuneration to employees and directors

The remuneration to employees and directors/supervisors shall be recognized as expenses and liabilities only when legal or constructive obligation and the value thereof may be estimated reasonably. Subsequently, if the actual distributed amount resolved is different from the estimate, the difference shall be treated as a change in accounting estimate. If the remuneration to employees is paid with stock shares, the basis for calculating the number of shares shall be the closing price on the day preceding to the day of resolution made by the shareholders' meeting.

- (XXV) Income Tax
 - 1. The income tax expenses consist of current income tax and deferred income tax. The income tax is recognized in the profit or loss except the income taxes relevant to the items which are recognized under other comprehensive income or directly counted into the items of equity, is recognized under other comprehensive income or directly counted into equity respectively.
 - 2. The Group calculates the income tax related to the current period based on the statutory tax rate or tax rate substantially enacted in the countries where the Company is operating and generating taxable income on the balance sheet date. The management shall evaluate the status of income tax return within the statutory period defined by the related income tax laws, and shall be responsible for the income tax expected to be paid to the tax collection authority. Undistributed earnings, if any, shall be levied income tax. The income tax expenses for undistributed earnings will be stated in the year next to the year when the earnings are generated, upon approval of the motion for allocation of earnings at a shareholders' meeting.
 - 3. Deferred tax is stated based on the temporary differences between taxation basis for assets and liabilities and the face value thereof on the consolidated balance sheet using the balance sheet method. All taxable provisional differences generated from investment in subsidiaries and affiliated companies, of which the time of reverse is controllable by the Group and which is not likely to be reversed in the foreseeable future, shall not be recognized. The deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate in the current period of which the assets are expected to be realized or liabilities to be repaid. The tax rate shall be based on the tax rate and tax laws already legislated or substantially legislated at the end of the reporting period.
 - 4. Deferred income tax assets shall be recognized, insofar as temporary difference is very likely to credit against future taxable income, and deferred income tax assets which are recognized and unrecognized shall be reevaluated on each balance sheet date.
 - 5. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

- 6. Unused tax credits derived from purchase of equipment or technology, R&D expenditure and equity investment can be added to deductible temporary differences and recognized as deferred tax assets, to the extent that the Company is likely to earn taxable income to offset against.
- 7. The interim period income tax expense is recognized based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- 8. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognizes the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of change on items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognized in profit or loss.

(XXVI) Capital stock

Common share is classified as equity. The net amount directly attributable to new shares issuing or additional cost of stock option is recognized as deduction of proceeds in the equity after deducting income tax.

(XXVII) Allocation of dividends

The dividends allocated to the Company's shareholders are recognized in the financial report upon allocation of dividends resolved by the shareholders' meeting or resolved specially by the board of directors of the Company. The distributed cash dividend is recognized as liabilities and the distributed stock dividend is recognized as stock dividend to be distributed and reclassified as common shares on the date of new share issuance.

(XXVIII) Recognition of revenue

- 1. Sale of goods
- (1) The Group researches and develops, manufactures and sells products related to wire communication and wireless broadband network. The sales revenue is recognized upon the transfer of product control to the customer, i.e. the timing when the product is delivered to the buyer, the buyer has the discretionary power regarding the selling channels and prices of product and the Group has no unfulfilled contract obligations that may affect the reception of such product by the buyer. When the product is delivered to the specified location, the risk of obsolescence and loss is transferred to the buyer accepts the product based on the sales contract or there is objective evidence indicating all acceptance standards has been met, the commodity delivery is thus completed.
- (2) The sales revenue of communication products is recognized by net amount of contract price deducting estimated sales discount. Generally, the sales discount for the customer is calculated based on accumulated sale volume of 12 months. The Group adopts expected value method to estimate sales discount based on historical experience. The revenue amount is recognized only within the scope of height may not result in significant reversal and the estimate is updated on each balance sheet date. As of the balance sheet date, the estimated sales discount payable to the customer related to the sales is recognized as refund liabilities. The collection

conditions of trading are agreed based on general business trading mode.

- (3) The Group provides standard warranty for products sold and has responsibility to provide refund for products with defect, which is recognized in reserve for liabilities upon sales.
- (4) The accounts receivable is recognized upon the delivery of product to the customer because the Group has unconditional rights to contract proceeds since that timing and can collect consideration from the customer after that time.
- 2. Cost of acquiring customer contract

The Group expected to recover the additional cost generated from the acquisition of customer contract. However, the related contract term is less than one year so such cost shall be recognized in expenses when incurred.

(XXIX) Government grants

The government subsidies shall be stated at fair value when it is reasonable to ensure that an enterprise will comply with the conditions incident to the government subsidies and the subsidies may be received affirmatively. If the government subsidies, in nature, are intended to compensate the expenses incurred by the Group, the government subsidies shall be stated as the current income on a systematic basis when the related expenses are incurred.

(XXX) <u>Business segment</u>

The Group's business segment information adopts the same reporting method as the internal management report provided for the main operating decision maker. The main operating decision maker is responsible to distribute resources to business segment and evaluate their performance. The main operating decision maker of the Group is identified to be the board of directors.

V. Major sources of Uncertainty to Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

When preparing the consolidated financial report of the Group, the management decided the adopted accounting policy by their judgment and made accounting estimates and assumptions based on the reasonable expectation toward future events subject to current circumstances on the balance sheet date. The actual results might be different from the major accounting estimates and assumptions, so the historical experience and other factors will be considered for constant evaluation and adjustment. The risk description of the assumptions and estimates which may cause major adjustments to the book amount of assets and liabilities in the following financial year. The Company has considered the economic impact of the novel coronavirus as a significant accounting estimate and will continue to evaluate the impact on its financial position and financial performance. The following are the description of uncertainty to significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions:

(I) <u>Significant judgments on choice of accounting policy</u>

None

- (II) Accounting estimates and assumptions
 - 1. Valuation of inventory

Inventory shall be evaluated on the basis of the lower the cost and net realizable value. As

a result, the Group must make judgment and estimate to determine the net realizable value of the inventory on the balance sheet date. Due to the repaid transformation of technology, the Group assesses the amount of normal wearing out and phasing out of inventory or inventory with no market price and writes off the cost of inventory from net realizable value on the balance sheet date. The valuation of inventory is mainly estimated according to the product demand within a certain period in the future, therefore significant changes may occur.

As of June 30, 2022, the book value of the Group's inventory was NTD 1,179,831.

2. Evaluation for the loss of accounts receivable

During the evaluation process for the impairment of accounts receivable, the Group uses the overdue ages of accounts receivable, customer's financial status, historical trading record and subsequent collections as the basis. The Group also calculates loss ratio based on past aging data statement and considers the industrial forward-looking evaluation to estimate credit loss rate. This requires subjective judgment and the reserve matrix as the basis to estimate the possible credit loss.

As of June 30, 2022, the book value of accounts receivable (including the related party) after recognizing the credit loss by the Group was NTD 1,060,864.

VI. Explanation of Important Accounting Titles

(I) Cash and Cash Equivalents

	June 30, 2022	Dece	ember 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Cash on hand and working fund	\$ 427	\$	277	\$ 277
Checking deposit and current deposits	662,508		693,456	721,337
Time deposit	1,091,410		862,915	123,900
Cash equivalents - repurchase bonds	207,531		613,677	539,197
Total	\$ 1,961,876	\$	2,170,325	\$ 1,384,711

- 1. The financial institutions trading with the Group are reputable banks and the Group trades with various financial institutions to spread the credit risk. Thus, the possibility of expected default is low.
- 2. The Group has reclassified time deposit with the initial maturity date over three months and limitation to item of "Financial assets measured at amortized cost." Please refer to the description in Note 6, (3).
- (II) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Item	Jun	ie 30, 2022	Dece	ember 31, 2021	June 30, 2021		
Non-current items:							
Equity instruments							
TWSE/TPEx listed	\$	-	\$	36	\$	116	
stocks							
TWSE/TPEx		41,608		38,752		39,004	
unlisted stocks							
Subtotal		41,608		38,788		39,120	
Valuation adjustment	(5,201)		33,144		127,539	
Total	\$	36,407	\$	71,932	\$	166,659	

- 1. The Group classified the equity instrument investment belonged to strategic investment as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- 2. Due to the need of capital expenses, the Group sold A10 Networks. Inc. with fair value of NTD 0, NTD 6,145, NTD 1,892 and NTD 10,747, for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- 3. The details of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized in profit or loss and comprehensive income are as follows:

		For the three-month p	periods ended June 30		
		2022		2021	
Equity instrument measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Fair value changes recognized in other comprehensive income	(\$	3,435)	\$	137,377	
held at the end of current period de-recognition	\$	-	\$	-	
-	\$	-	\$	-	
Accumulated gain recognized in retained earnings due to de-recognition	\$	-	\$	5,992	
		For the six-month pe	eriods e	nded June 30	
		2022		2021	
Equity instrument measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Fair value changes recognized in other					
comprehensive income	(\$	36,489)	\$	141,223	
Dividend income recognized in profit or loss					
held at the end of current period de-recognition	\$	-	\$	- 408	
-	\$	-	\$	408	
Accumulated gain recognized in retained	¢	1.075	¢	20.402	
earnings due to de-recognition	\$	1,856	\$	20,483	

4. For information related to financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, please refer to Note 12, (3).

(III) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Item	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		June 30, 2021	
Current items:						
Time deposit expired over three						
months	\$	1,320,444	\$	1,190,634	\$	1,982,600
Non-current items:						
Pledged time deposit	\$	22,284	\$	21,070	\$	21,067

- 1. Without taking into account the collaterals or credit enhancement held by the Group, for the financial assets measured at amortized cost that best represents the Group, the maximum amount of credit risk exposure as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021and June 30, 2021 was the book balance.
- 2. The counterparty invested by the Group has good credit risk.
- 3. For pledged financial assets measured at amortized cost by the Group, please refer to Note 8.

(IV) Notes and Accounts Receivable

	Jun	e 30, 2022	Decer	mber 31, 2021	J	une 30 2021
Accounts receivable	\$	635,154	\$	731,323	\$	563,544
Accounts receivable – the related party		435,891		321,643		363,126
Less: Allowance loss	(10,181)	(7,356)	(6,259)
	\$	1,060,864	\$	1,045,610	\$	920,411

- 1. For aging analysis of notes and accounts receivable (including the related party), please refer to Note 12, (2).
- 2. The balances of accounts receivable (including the related party) on June 30, 2022 December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 were generated by the customer's contract. Also, the balance of accounts receivable from the customer's contract was NTD 1,346,964 as of January 1, 2021.
- 3. The accounts receivable (including the related party) of the Group does not include collaterals.
- 4. Without taking into account the collaterals or credit enhancement held by the Group, for the accounts receivable that best represents the Group, the maximum credit risk exposure amount as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 was the book balance.
- 5. For the information related to credit risks, please refer to Note 12, (2).

(V) Inventory

		J	une 30, 2022			
	Costs d		Allowance devaluation loss		Book amount	
Materials	\$ 991,488	(\$	50,248)	\$	941,240	
Goods in process and semi-finished goods	145,810	(10,284)		135,526	
Finished products	89,778	(4,337)		85,441	
Inventory in transit	17,624		-		17,624	
Total	\$ 1,244,700	(\$	64,869)	\$	1,179,831	

	December 31, 2021					
		Costs	Allowance devaluation loss		В	ook amount
Materials	\$	387,905	(\$	43,105)	\$	344,800
Goods in process and semi-finished goods		45,616	(7,066)		38,550
Finished products		78,322	(6,256)		72,066
Inventory in transit		89,805		-		89,805
Total	\$	601,648	(\$	56,427)	\$	545,221
				June 30, 2021		

	Costs		llowance luation loss]	Book amount
Materials	\$ 506,497	(\$	41,940)	\$	464,557
Goods in process and semi-finished goods	71,727	(7,107)		64,620
Finished products	55,540	(2,090)		53,450
Inventory in transit	2,835		-		2,824
Total	\$ 636,599	(\$	51,137)	\$	585,462

The inventory cost recognized in expenses in current period by the Group:

	Fo	r the three-month p	periods ended June 30		
			2021		
Cost of sold inventory	\$	1,115,296	\$	881,694	
Idle capacity		4,772		33,597	
Devaluation loss		8,376		1,064	
	\$	1,128,444	\$	916,355	

	Fe	or the six-month pe	ded June 30	
			2021	
Cost of sold inventory	\$	1,869,347	\$	1,826,249
Idle capacity		42,773		61,596
Devaluation loss		8,859		1,069
	\$	1,920,979	\$	1,888,914

(VI) Investment at equity method

		2022		20	21
January 1	\$	964,044	\$		1,219,126
Increasing investment using equity method		95,511			-
Disposal of investment under equity method	l	-	(61,562)
Net changes of affiliated companies for und	er the				
equity method		20,459			-
Acquisition of cash dividends of affi	liated				
companies for under the equity method	(2,445)			-
Refunds from decapitalization of affi	liated				
companies under the equity method		-	(5,000)
Share in profit or loss of affiliated comp	oanies				
under equity method	(60,982)	(49,814)
Exchange difference in the financial state	ement				
translation of the foreign operation		9,839	(3,667)
Other equity changes (Note 6(17))	(10,815)			7,824
June 30	\$	1,015,611	\$		1,106,907
Jun	e 30, 2022	December 31, 2	021	Jur	ne 30, 2021
Affiliated companies					
Microelectronics Technology Inc.					
(Microelectronics Technology) \$	988,960	\$ 925	,427	\$	1,084,915
Mega Power Ventures Inc.	26,651	38	3,617		21,992
*					4 4 9 4 9 9

\$

1,015,611 \$

964,044

\$

1,106,907

1. The basic information about affiliated companies important to the Group is stated as follows:

Company name	Principal business place	Sł	nareholding rat	io	Nature of relationship	Measurement method
Microelectronics	Taiwan	June 30, 2022	December	June 30, 2021	Invested	Equity method
Technology			31, 2021		company under	
		22.77%	22.96%	25.34%	the equity method by the Company	

2. The summarized financial information of affiliated companies important to the Group is stated as follows:

Balance sheet	Microelectronics Technology						
	J	June 30, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021		June 30, 2021	
Current assets	\$	4,626,310	\$	4,563,530	\$	3,784,771	
Non-current assets		2,017,316		1,988,820		1,974,089	
Current liabilities	(3,052,717)	(3,281,470)	(2,231,630)	
Non-current liabilities	(1,334,542)	(1,308,514)	(1,312,855)	
Total net assets	\$	2,256,367	\$	1,962,366	\$	2,214,375	
Shares of the affiliates' net assets	\$	513,707	\$	450,540	\$	561,123	
Goodwill		492,444		492,444		543,547	
Others		(17,191)	(17,557)	(19,755)	
Book value of affiliated companies	\$	988,960	\$	925,427	\$	1,084,915	

Microelectronics Technology						
	2022	2021				
\$	1,026,789	\$	1,001,669			
(\$	128,276)	(\$	79,396)			
(4,212)	(9,540)			
(\$	132,488)	(\$	88,936)			
Microelectronics Technology For the six-month periods ended June 30 2022 2021						
	\$ (\$ ((\$	For the three-month period 2022 \$ 1,026,789 (\$ 128,276) (4,212) (\$ 132,488)	For the three-month periods ended 2022 \$ 1,026,789 \$ 128,276) (\$ 128,276) (\$ 132,488) (\$ Microelectronics Technology For the six-month periods ended			

\$

(\$

(

(\$

Revenue Net loss of continuing operations for the year Other comprehensive income (after tax) Total comprehensive income for the year

3. As the affiliated company important to the Group, Microelectronics Technology has open market quotation. Its fair value on June 30, 2022 December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 were NTD 2,991,393, NTD 3,895,064 and NTD 2,889,347, respectively.

1,960,684

269,524)

36,330)

233,194)

\$

(\$

(

(\$

2,002,885

191,090)

205,156)

14,066)

4. The Group disposed of 3,138 thousand shares of Microelectronics Technology, Inc. for the six-month periods ended June 30 2021, as a related company of the Group, for a total sale price of \$135,467, and recognized a gain of \$76,131 on disposal of the investment using the equity method, shareholding ratio decreased from 26.72% to 25.34%.

- 5. On March 2022, the company investments accounted for using equity method, Microelectronics Technology issued new shares, recognition of change in equity of associates not in proportion to the Company's ownership decreased from 22.96% to 22.77%, and the capital reserves were recognized as \$20,459.
- 6. The Group holds 22.77% of Microelectronics's shares, which is the single largest shareholder of such company. However, the shareholding does not exceed half of total shares and does not exceed the majority vote of the shareholders present at the meeting. Also, the Group has no control over the financial affairs, operation and personnel guidelines of Microelectronics Technology without any actual guidance of relevant activities. Therefore, it is determined that the Group has no control over such company but only significant impact thereof.

(VII) Property, plant and equipment

L 1 2022	House	and buildings		Machinery and equipment		<u>Others</u>		<u>Total</u>
January 1, 2022 Costs	\$	872,743	\$	275,127	\$	288,614	\$	1,436,484
Accumulated depreciation	(309,500)	(185,493)	Ç	218,141)	(713,134)
	\$	563,243	\$	89,634	\$	70,473	\$	723,350
<u>2022</u>		· · · · ·		· · · ·		· · · · · ·		
January 1	\$	563,243	\$	89,634	\$	70,473	\$	723,350
Increase		-		21,732		9,880		31,612
Disposal (cost)		-	(9,617)	(16,694)	(26,311)
Disposal		-		9,034		15,929		24,963
(accumulated								
depreciation)								
Depreciation	(12,802)	(19,627)	(6,909)	(39,338)
expenses								
Reclassification (cost)		-		7,369	(7,369)		-
Net exchange		-		1,263		2,457		3,720
differences								
June 30	\$	550,441	\$	99,788	\$	67,767	\$	717,996
June 30, 2022								
Costs	\$	872,743	\$	275,390	\$	274,390	\$	1,422,523
Accumulated	(322,302)	(175,602)	(206,623)	(704,527)
depreciation				. ,		. ,		
*	\$	550,441	\$	99,788	\$	67,767	\$	717,996

January 1, 2021	House a	nd buildings		Machinery and equipment		Others		Total
Costs	\$	871,443	\$	238,705	\$	262,303	\$	1,372,451
Accumulated	(283,133)	(167,567)	(205,584)	(656,284)
depreciation								
	\$	588,310	\$	71,138	\$	56,719	\$	716,167
<u>2021</u>								
January 1	\$	588,310	\$	71,138	\$	56,719	\$	716,167
Increase		550		17,997		393		18,940
Disposal (cost) Disposal accumulated		-	(891)	(605)	(1,496)
depreciation)		-		891		605		1,496
Depreciation			(11,974)	(7,697)	(32,850)
expenses	(13,179)						

Net exchange differences		-		5,334		2,290		7,624
June 30	\$	575,681	\$	82,495	\$	51,705	\$	709,881
June 30, 2021								
Costs	\$	871,993	\$	260,830	\$	262,817	\$	1,395,640
Accumulated	(296,312)	(178,335)	(211,112)	(685,759)
depreciation								
	\$	575,681	\$	82,495	\$	51,705	\$	709,881

The property, plant, and equipment of the Group were not provided as collateral or capitalized interest.

- (VIII) <u>Lease transactions Lessee</u>
 - 1. The underlying assets rented by the Group include the land and the building. The term of lease contract is usually 4 to 20 years. The lease contract adopts individual negotiation and includes various different terms and conditions. Besides the rented assets shall not be used as loan guarantee, there were no other restrictions.
 - 2. The lease terms of drinking fountain, copy machine and parking space rented by the Group are less than 12 months.
 - 3. The following information is the book value and recognized depreciation expenses of right-of-use assets:

	June 30, 2022	Decemb	oer 31, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2021	
	Book amount	Book	amount	Book amount		
Land	\$ 231,695	\$	240,365	\$	249,035	
House	305,434	Ļ	322,407		301,850	
	\$ 537,129	\$	562,772	\$	550,885	
T 1	202 Depreciation	22 n expenses	· · · · · ·			
Land	\$	4,335	\$		4,335	
House	<u>ф</u>	9,983	<u>_</u>		8,848	
	\$	14,318	\$		13,183	
	For the	six-month p	eriods ended	l June	2 30	

	T of the six month periods ended such so					
		2022		2021		
	Depreciation expenses		Deprec	iation expenses		
Land	\$	8,670	\$	8,670		
House		19,807		17,779		
	\$	28,477	\$	26,449		

- 4. The increase in right-of-use asset of the Group on January1 to June 30, 2022 and 2021 were NTD 0, respectively.
- 5. The following is information regarding the profit or loss items related to lease contracts:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30						
		2022	2021				
Item influencing current profit or loss Interest expenses of lease liabilities	\$	4.751	\$	4,851			
Expenses for short-term lease contracts	Ŷ	119	Ψ	937			
Expenses for lease of low-price assets		51		51			
1	\$	4,921	\$	5,839			
	F	or the six-month period	eriods en	ded June 30 2021			
Item influencing current profit or loss		2022		2021			
Interest expenses of lease liabilities	\$	9,544	\$	9,815			
Expenses for short-term lease contracts		184		1,148			
Expenses for lease of low-price assets	_	103		103			
	\$	9,831	\$	11,066			

6. The Group's total cash outflow of lease on January 1 to June 30, 2022 and 2021 were NTD 33,287 and NTD 33,953, respectively.

(IX) Lease transactions – Lessor

(X)

- 1. The underlying assets leased by the Group are the building and the term of lease contract is usually 3 to 7 years. The lease contract adopts individual negotiation and includes various different terms and conditions. To ensure the use condition of the leased assets, it is often required that the lessee shall not use the leased assets for loan guarantee.
- 2. The Group recognized NTD 18,169, NTD 17,754, NTD 36,780, and NTD 35,277 of rent revenue based on the operating lease contract for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and there were no variable lease payments.
- 3. The maturity analysis of lease payment based on operating lease of the Group is as follows:

		June 30, 2022	Decer	mber 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
	Not more than 1 year	\$ 3,470	\$	37,609	\$ 67,051
	More than 1 year but less than	1,046		-	1,562
	5 years				
	Total	\$ 4,516	\$	37,609	\$ 68,613
)	Others non-current assets				
					T 00 0001
		 June 30, 2022	Decer	mber 31, 2021	 June 30, 2021
	Tax Overpaid Retained for	 June 30, 2022	Decer	mber 31, 2021	 June 30, 2021
	Tax Overpaid Retained for Offsetting the Future Tax	 June 30, 2022	Decer	mber 31, 2021	 June 30, 2021
	÷	\$ June 30, 2022 162,491	Decer \$	<u>mber 31, 2021</u> 163,690	\$ June 30, 2021 163,083
	Offsetting the Future Tax	\$,			\$,
	Offsetting the Future Tax Payable	\$ 162,491		163,690	\$ 163,083
	Offsetting the Future Tax Payable Net defined benefit asset	\$ 162,491 39,461		163,690	\$ 163,083
	Offsetting the Future Tax Payable Net defined benefit asset Prepayments for equipment	\$ 162,491 39,461 3,427		163,690 39,461	\$ 163,083 38,926

(XI) Short-term loans

Nature of loan	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Interest rate interval	Collateral
Bank loans Credit loans	\$	1,006,842	1.54% ~3.01%	None
Credit Ioans	φ	1,000,842	1.54% ~5.01%	None
Nature of loan	Dece	mber 31, 2021	Interest rate interval	Collateral
Bank loans				
Credit loans	\$	570,450	0.70% ~0.85%	None
Nature of loan	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Interest rate interval	Collateral
Bank loans				
Credit loans	\$	436,283	0.77% ~0.79%	None

(XII) Pension

- 1. (1) The Company has established the regulations for retirement with welfare in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, which is applicable to the years of service for full-time employees before the implementation of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005, and the employees continued to adopt the Labor Standards Act after the "Labor Pension Act" has come into effect. Employees who meet the retirement requirements will be paid the pension based on their years of service and average salary or wage of the last six (6) months prior to retirement. Two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit is accrued for each additional year thereafter, up to a maximum of 45 units. The company contributes 2% of the total salary on a monthly basis to the pension fund and deposits at the special pension account under the title of the Pension Reserve Monitoring Committee Taiwan the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of the fiscal year, the Company calculates the balance of the said labor pension fund account. If the pension account balance is insufficient to pay for the pension of employees expecting to meet the retirement conditions in the following year, the spread amount shall be deposited by the Company in a lump sum before the end of March in the following year.
 - (2) The Group contributed to the defined benefit pension plans by the amount of \$0 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
 - (3) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Company for year 2022 are \$0.
- 2. (1) As of July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries instituted the defined contribution pension plan according to the Labor Pension Act applicable to the native employees. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries shall contribute the amount equivalent to 6% of the monthly salary of respective native employees to the individual pension accounts of the employees at Labor Insurance Bureau, with respect to the labor pension system under the Labor Pension Act chosen by employees. Retired employees may claim for pension disbursement in accordance with the status of their individual accounts and the cumulative contribution in the account through monthly payment or in lump sum.
 - (2) Hongdaofu and Fuhongkang contributes specific ratio of the local employees' total

salary as the fund of endowment insurance on a monthly basis according to the endowment insurance system regulated by the government of People's Republic of China. The contribution ratio was 14% on January 1 to June 30, 2022 and 2021. The pension of each employee is arranged by the government. Except for the contribution of fund on a monthly basis, the Group shall bear no other obligations.

(3) The principal of the pension cost recognized by the Group according to the said pension regulations were NTD 2,786, NTD 5,810, NTD 8,966, and NTD 11,582 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(XIII) <u>Liability reserve</u>

	Warranty							
		2022		2021				
Balance, January 1	\$	14,468	\$	37,131				
Increase in liability reserve in current period		4,758		4,565				
Used liability reserve in current period	(5,128)	(3,368)				
Unused amounts reversed		-	(13,169)				
Balance, June 30	\$	14,098	\$	25,159				

The analysis of liability reserve is as follows:

	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		June 30, 2021	
Current	\$	7,411	\$	5,101	\$	13,387
Non-current	\$	6,687	\$	9,367	\$	11,772

The Group's reserve for warranty liabilities is estimated according to the historical warranty information of such product to estimate possible after-sale service in the future. The warranty liabilities of the Group estimated to be used in 2023 and 2024are NTD 7,411 NTD 6,687 respectively.

(XIV) Capital stock

As of June 30, 2022, the Company's authorized capital was NTD 3,630,000 which was divided into 363,000 thousand shares (including 14,000 thousand shares exercisable under employee stock options). The paid-in capital was NTD 3,286,054 at NTD 10 per share. All shares issued by the Company were paid in full.

(XV) Capital reserves

According to the Company Act, for the capital reserves including shares issued at premium excessing the par value and the gains in the form of gifts, besides covering losses, the Company shall distribute the capital reserve by issuing new shares or in cash in proportion to the original shareholding ratio of the shareholders when the Company incurs no loss. In addition, according to relevant regulation of Securities and Exchange Act, the capital surplus mentioned above that can be capitalized annually shall not exceed 10% of the total paid-in capital. When the reserve is insufficient to cover the capital losses, the Company shall not use capital reserve for offset.

		2022		
Stock	Changes in net worth	New restricted	Others	Total

-	premium	compani ventures	of affiliated es and joint recognized uity method		employee shares			
January 1	\$ 484,632	\$	37,140	\$	41,310	\$ 8,968	\$	572,050
Recognition of change in equity of associates not in proportion to the								
Company's ownership			20,459		-	 _		20,459
June 30	\$ 484,632	\$	57,599	\$	41,310	\$ 8,968	\$	592,509
		of equity	in net worth of affiliated es and ioint	Ne	2021 w restricted			
	Stock	of equity compani						
	Stock premium	of equity compani ventures	of affiliated es and joint		w restricted	 Others		Total
January 1		of equity compani ventures	of affiliated es and joint recognized		w restricted employee	\$ Others 8,968	\$	
Disposal of Investment at equity	premium	of equity compani ventures under eq	of affiliated tes and joint recognized <u>uity method</u> 43,221	(w restricted employee shares	\$ 	\$	578,131
Disposal of	premium	of equity compani ventures under eq	of affiliated les and joint recognized uity method	(w restricted employee shares	\$ 	\$ \$	

(XVI) <u>Retained earnings</u>

- 1. If the Company has profit at the year's final accounting, it shall first be used to pay the income tax and make up any cumulative losses in accordance with laws, and 10% of the balance shall be appropriated as legal reserve, unless the existing legal reserve reaches the amount of the Company's paid-in capital. The rest of the balance shall be used for provision reversal of special reserves pursuant to laws. The residual balance, if any, shall be added to cumulative undistributed earnings. The Board of Directors shall draft a motion for allocation of the residual balances plus the undistributed earnings and proposal the shareholders' meeting to resolve the distribution of bonuses to the shareholders.
- 2. The board of directors is authorized to distribute dividends and bonuses in whole or in part, which may be paid in cash after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the board of directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors and reported on Shareholder's Meeting.
- 3. The dividend policy of the Company is as follows: The Company is currently at a developing stage. The Company's dividend distribution policy is subject to the Company's current and future investment environment, fund requirements, competition from local and abroad, and capital budgets, as well as taking into consideration the interests of shareholders and the long-term financial planning. Shareholder dividends are set aside on accumulated unappropriated earnings, which shall not be less than 15% of earnings, available for appropriation for the year, if the current year available for appropriation earnings is less than 3% of the Company's paid-in capital, it may not be distributed, and cash dividends shall not be less 10% of total dividends.
- 4. The legal reserve shall not be used unless for covering losses or issuing new shares or

in cash in proportion to the original shareholding ratio of the shareholders. The new shares or cash allocated shall be no more than 25% of the paid-in capital.

- 5. Pursuant to laws, when allocating earnings, the Company shall provide the special reserve from the credit balance under other equities on the balance sheet date in current year and then may allocate the earnings. Where the credit balance under other equities is reversed, the reversed amount may be included into the allocable earnings.
- 6. The appropriations of 2021 cash dividend distribution as resolved by Board of Directors on May 9,2022 and the appropriations of 2021 earnings had been resolved at the shareholders meeting on June 24,2022 and the appropriations of 2020 earnings had been resolved at the shareholders meeting on July 30,2021 are as follows:

		20	21	2020			
			Dividends per			Dividends per	
	A	Amount	share (NTD)		Amount	share (NTD)	
Allocated legal reserve	\$	4,215		\$	4,883		
(reversed)Allocated special							
reserve	(65,738)			61,390		
Distributed cash dividends for		16,430	0.05		49,291	0.15	
shareholders							
Total	(\$	45,093)		\$	115,564		

The appropriations of 2021 cash dividend distribution as resolved by Board of Directors on May 9, 2022 was NTD 16,430, which not released yet as of August 11, 2022.

(XVII) Other items of interest

		ncial assets sured at fair				
		through other				
	com	prehensive	Tra	inslation of		
		income	fore	ign currency		Total
January 1, 2022	(\$	3,186)	(\$	118,968)	(\$	122,154)
Valuation adjustment	(36,489)		-	(36,489)
Tax of valuation adjustment		435		-		435
Valuation adjustment transferred to retained						
earnings	(1,856)		-	(1,856)
Valuation adjustment – Affiliated companies	(10,815)		-	(10,815)
Valuation adjustment transferred to retained						
earnings – Affiliated companies		-		-		-
Currency translation differences:						
- Group		-		25,420		25,420
- Group's tax		-	(5,084)	(5,084)
- Affiliated companies		-		9,839		9,839
June 30, 2022	(\$	51,911)	(\$	88,793)	(\$	140,704)

Financial assets		
measured at fair	Translation of	
value through other	foreign currency	Total

	co	mprehensive				
		income				
January 1, 2021	(\$	62,612)	(\$	125,279)	(\$	187,891)
Valuation adjustment		141,223		-		141,223
Tax of valuation adjustment		1,835		-		1,835
Valuation adjustment transferred to retained						
earnings	(20,483)		-	(20,483)
Valuation adjustment – Affiliated companies		7,824		-		7,824
Valuation adjustment transferred to retained						
earnings – Affiliated companies		3,494		-		3,494
Currency translation differences:						
- Group		-		4,492		4,492
- Group's tax		-	(899)	(899)
- Affiliated companies		-	(3,667)	(3,667)
June 30, 2021	\$	71,281	(\$	125,353)	(\$	54,072)

(XVIII) Operating revenue

	For the three-month periods ended June 30					
		2022	2021			
Revenue from customer contracts	\$	1,176,088	\$ 949,42			
	Fo	or the six-month pe	eriods ended June 30			
		2022		2021		
Revenue from customer contracts	\$	1,956,227	\$	2,002,630		

1. Details of revenue from customer contracts

The revenue of the Group is mainly from providing products transferred in certain timing and the revenue can be classified by the following main product lines and geographical regions:

For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2022 Revenue from external	<u>America</u> Communication product <u>\$ 796,032</u>	Europe Communication product \$ 253,586	Asia Communication product \$ 78,675	Australia Communication product \$ 31,985	Other departments \$ 15,810	<u>Total</u> <u>\$ 1,176,088</u>
customer contracts						
For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2021 Revenue from external	<u>America</u> Communication product	Europe Communication product	Asia Communication product	<u>Australia</u> Communication product	Other <u>departments</u>	<u>Total</u>
customer contracts	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 117,224</u>	<u>\$ 111,027</u>	<u>\$ 6,544</u>	<u>\$ 135,655</u>	<u>\$ 949,420</u>
For the six-month periods ended	<u>America</u> Communication product	Europe Communication product	Asia Communication product	<u>Australia</u> Communication product	Other <u>departments</u>	Total

June 30, 2022 Revenue from external customer contracts	<u>\$ 1,262,784</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 163,210</u>	<u>\$ 49,832</u>	<u>\$ 85,506</u>	<u>\$ 1,956,227</u>
For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 Revenue from external	<u>America</u> Communication product	Europe Communication product	Asia Communication product	<u>Australia</u> Communication product	Other <u>departments</u>	Total
customer contracts	<u>\$ 1,250,806</u>	<u>\$ 350,331</u>	<u>\$ 187,125</u>	<u>\$ 19,944</u>	<u>\$ 194,424</u>	<u>\$ 2,002,630</u>

- 2. Contract liabilities
- (1) The Group's balance of contract liabilities advance sale receipts related to revenue from customer contract recognized on June 30, 2022, January 1, 2022, June 30, 2021 and January 1, 2021 were NTD 36,319, NTD 34,060, NTD 37,248 and NTD 53,483, respectively.
- (2) Contract liabilities at the beginning recognized in the revenue in current period

	Fo	r the three-month	periods en	ded June 30
		2022		2021
Balance of the contract liabilities at the				
beginning recognized in the revenue in				
current period	\$	491	\$	4,458
	F	or the six-month p	eriods end	led June 30
		2022		2021
Balance of the contract liabilities at the beginning recognized in the revenue in	-			
current period	\$	5,819	\$	12,633
(XIX) <u>Interest revenue</u>				
	Fo	r the three-month j	periods en	ded June 30
		2022		2021
Bank deposit interest	\$	6,910	\$	4,653
Bank deposit interest	F \$	or the six-month po 2022 11,441	<u>\$</u>	2021 9,625
(XX) <u>Other revenue</u>				
	Fo	r the three-month j	periods en	ded June 30
		2022		2021
Rental revenue	\$	18,169	\$	17,754
Other income, others		669		4,638
Total	\$	18,838	\$	22,392
	F	or the six-month p	eriods end	
		2022		2021
Rental revenue	\$	36,780	\$	35,277
Dividend revenue		-		408
Other income, others	Φ.	1,521	<u>_</u>	8,101
Total	\$	38,301	\$	43,786

(XXI) Other gains and losses

	For the three-month periods ended June 30			
		2022		2021
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$	339	\$	257
Gains on disposal of Investment		-		73,604
Currency exchange gain		7,921		983
Miscellaneous expenses – interest	(591)	(614)
Miscellaneous expenses – depreciation	(5,123)	(5,235)
Miscellaneous expenses	(957)	(672)
	\$	1,589	(\$	68,323)

	For the six-month periods ended June 30			ended June 30
		2022		2021
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment		954	\$	257
Gains on disposal of Investment		-		76,131
Currency exchange gain		27,797		2,087
Miscellaneous expenses – interest	(1,181)	(1,228)
Miscellaneous expenses –depreciation	(10,494)	(10,470)
Miscellaneous expenses	(2,188)	(1,367)
	\$	14,888	(\$	65,410)

(XXII) Financial Costs

	For t	For the three-month periods ended June 30			
		2022		2021	
Interest expenses:					
Bank loans	\$	3,587	\$	1,194	
Lease liabilities		4,160		4,237	
	\$	7,747	\$	5,431	

	For	For the six-month periods ended June			
		2022		2021	
Interest expenses:					
Bank loans	\$	5,168	\$	2,657	
Lease liabilities		8,363		8,587	
	\$	13,531	\$	11,244	

(XXIII) Additional Information on the Nature of Expense

	Fo	r the three-month p	periods	ended June 30
		2022		2021
Employee benefit expenses	\$	123,766	\$	110,253
Property, plant and equipment				
Depreciation expenses		17,065		14,146
Depreciation expenses of right-of-use assets		12,134		11,052
Amortization expense of intangible assets		-		36
	\$	152,965	\$	135,487

	Fo	or the six-month pe	eriods end	ed June 30
		2022		2021
Employee benefit expenses	\$	208,962	\$	224,948
Property, plant and equipment				
Depreciation expenses		33,213		26,643
Depreciation expenses of right-of-use assets		24,108		22,186
Amortization expense of intangible assets		-		115
	\$	266,283	\$	273,892
(XXIV) Employee benefit expenses				
	For	the three-month p	periods en	ded June 30
		2022		2021
Salary expenses	\$	106,109	\$	90,280
Expenses for labor and health insurance		8,592		8,792
Pension expenses		2,786		5,810
Other employment expenses		6,279		5,371
	\$	123,766	\$	110,253
	Fo	or the six-month pe	eriods end	ed June 30
		2022		2021
Salary expenses	\$	171,591	\$	184,358
Expenses for labor and health insurance		17,542		17,780
Pension expenses		8,966		11,582
Other employment expenses		10,863		11,228
	+		*	

For the six month periods and ad June 20

208,962 \$

224,948

1. According to the Articles of Incorporation, if there is profit after annual closing, the Company shall allocate 7%–9% thereof as the remuneration to employees. However, earnings must first be used to offset cumulative losses, if any, before being distributed to the employees and directors as their remuneration at the percentage.

\$

2. The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration were not estimated due to the loss from January 1, to June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2021 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2021 financial statements

3. Please refer to the "Market Observation Post System" for information related to the remuneration to employees, directors, and supervisors of the Company approved by the board of directors and resolved by a shareholders' meeting.

(XXV) Income Tax

- 1. Income tax (benefits)expenses
- (1) Income tax(benefits) expense consisting of:

	F	or the three-month p	periods ended June 30		
		2022	2021		
Income tax in the current period:					
Income tax generated from the					
current income	\$	632	\$	2,369	
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		4,362		-	
Overestimated income tax in	(51)	(3,621)	
previous year					
Total income tax in the current period	(4,943)	(1,252)	
Deferred income tax:					
Initial occurrence and reversal of temporary difference		4,033	(6,418)	
Total deferred income tax		4,033	(6,418)	
Income tax benefits	\$	8,976	(\$	7,670)	

F	or the six-month pe	eriods ended June 30		
	2022		2021	
\$	1,123	\$	8,639	
	4,362		-	
(8,062)	(3,621)	
(2,577)		5,018	
	5,245	(9,709)	
	5,245	(9,709)	
\$	2,668	(\$	4,691)	
		$ \begin{array}{c} 2022 \\ \$ & 1,123 \\ 4,362 \\ (& 8,062) \\ \hline (& 2,577) \\ \hline 5,245 \\ \hline 5,245 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

(2) Income tax related to other comprehensive income:
 For the three-month periods ended June 30

	For the three-month periods ended Julie 50					
		2022		2021		
Changes in fair value of financial assets changed by fair value through other comprehensive income	\$	-	\$	903		
Exchange differences on the translation of the foreign operation	(347)	(1,206)		
	(\$	347)	\$	303		
		the six-month p	eriods en			
		2022		2021		
Changes in fair value of financial assets changed by fair value through other comprehensive income	\$	435	\$	1,835		
Exchange differences on the translation of the foreign operation	(5,084)	(899)		
	(\$	4,649)	\$	936		

2. The Company's income tax returns through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(XXVI) Loss per share

	For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2022								
	After-tax income		Weighted average outstanding shares (thousand shares)	Losses per share (NTD)					
Basic loss per share:									
Net loss attributable to the parent company's common stock shareholders	(\$	101,077)	328,605	(\$	0.31)				
<u>Diluted loss per share</u> Net loss attributable to the parent company's common stock shareholders Impacts of dilutive potential	(\$	101,077)	-						
common shares on employee remuneration		-	-						
Impacts of net profit attributable to the parent company's common stock shareholders									
plus potential common stocks	(\$	101,077)	328,605	(\$	0.31)				
	For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2021								
			Weighted average						
	Afte	r-tax income	outstanding shares (thousand shares)	Earni	ngs per share (NTD)				
Basic loss per share:			(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Net loss attributable to the parent company's common stock									
shareholders	\$	11,269	328,605	\$	0.03				
Diluted loss per share									
Net loss attributable to the parent company's common stock									
shareholders	\$	11,269	-						
Impacts of dilutive potential									
common shares on employee remuneration		-	-						
Impacts of net profit attributable to the parent company's									
common stock shareholders plus potential common stocks	\$	11,269	328,605	\$	0.03				

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2022						
		Losses per share				
After-tax income		(thousand shares)	(NTD)			
(\$	195,841)	328,605	(\$	0.60)		
		After-tax income	Weighted average outstanding shares (thousand shares)	Weighted average outstanding shares Loss After-tax income (thousand shares)		

company's common stock shareholders <u>Diluted loss per share</u> Net loss attributable to the parent company's common stock shareholders Impacts of dilutive potential common shares on employee remuneration	(\$	195,841)			
Impacts of net profit attributable					
to the parent company's common stock shareholders					
plus potential common stocks	(\$	195,841)	328,605	(\$	0.60)
		For the six-m	onth periods ended J Weighted average	une 30,	2021
	After	-tax income	outstanding shares (thousand shares)		ngs per share (NTD)
Basic loss per share: Net loss attributable to the parent company's common stock					
shareholders	(\$	5,039)	328,605	(\$	0.02)
Diluted loss per share Net loss attributable to the parent company's common stock shareholders Impacts of dilutive potential common shares on employee remuneration	(\$	5,039)	-	<u>.</u>	
Impacts of net profit attributable to the parent company's common stock shareholders plus potential common stocks	(\$	5,039)	328,605	(\$	0.02)

(XXVII) Supplementary information on cash flow

Investment activities and financing activities that do not affect cash flow:

		1 to June 30, 2022	January 1 to June 30, 2021		
Exchange difference in the financial statement translation of the foreign					
operation	\$	30,175	(\$	74)	
Unrealized gain (losses) of financial assets measured at fair value through other					
comprehensive income	(\$	46,869)	\$	150,882	
Announced the distribution of cash dividends.	\$	16,430	\$	49,291	

(XXVIII) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Lease liabilities						
		2022		2021			
January 1	\$	584,367	\$	592,076			
Changes in cash flow from financing							
activities	(23,456)	(22,887)			
Impact of changes in exchange rate	_	2,226		49			
June 30	\$	563,137	\$	569,238			

Besides lease liabilities, the Group's changes in liabilities from financing activities on January 1 to June 30, 2022 and 2021 were changes in cash flow from financing without any non-cash changes. Please refer to the consolidated statement of cash flow

VII. Transactions of the Related Party

(I) <u>Name of the related party and relationship</u>

Name of the related party	Relationship with the Group
GWONG-YIH LEE	Key management of the Group(Note)
TSE-TSAN CHEN	Key management of the Group(Note)
Microelectronics Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries	Affiliated companies
Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Groups that have significant impact on the Group
FOXCONN Technology Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Other related parties
Fitipower Integrated Technology Inc.	//
Innolux Corporation and its subsidiaries	11
Garuda Technology Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	"
Pan-International Industrial Corp.	//

Note: The chairman of the Group was changed from TSE-TSAN CHEN to GWONG-YIH LEE On April 6, 2022.

(II) Significant transactions with the related party

1. Operating revenue

<u> </u>						
	For the three-month periods ended June 3					
		2022		2021		
Sale of goods:						
Groups that have significant impact on the						
Group						
-Belkin	\$	271,764	\$	231,254		
-Cloud Network		224,911		112,526		
- Others		-		14,736		
Affiliated companies		1,481		59		
Total	\$	498,156	\$	358,575		
		For the six-month performance 2022	enous e	2021		
Sale of goods:						
Groups that have significant impact on the						
Group						
-Belkin	\$	454,111	\$	464,002		
-Cloud Network		343,603		340,619		
- Others		139		22,997		
Affiliated companies		1,481		124		
Total	\$	799,334	\$	827,742		

The Group's unit sales price of partial goods for the related party is equivalent to the general customer's price while partial goods are not sold to the customer. Thus, the sales prices are incomparable. The mode of collection adopts NET20 days and the collection period is O/A 120 days. The mode of collection for general customer is O/A 60 days.

2. Purchase

For the three-month periods ended June 30

		2022 2021				
Purchase of commodities:	¢	1.026	ф.	12.026		
Affiliated companies Groups that have significant impact on the	\$	1,026	\$	42,026		
Group		62,044		34,969		
Other related parties		15,277		6,971		
Total	\$	78,347	\$	83,966		
	For the six-month periods ended June 30					
		2022		2021		
Purchase of commodities:						
Affiliated companies	\$	1,968	\$	75,778		
Groups that have significant impact on the						
Group		101,441		95,500		
Other related parties		20.005				
		20,985		18,318		

The Group's unit purchase price of partial goods for the related party is equivalent to the general vendor's price while partial unit purchase price has no other vendor's price for comparison. The mode of collection adopts NET30 days and the collection period is O/A 120 days. The mode of collection for general vendors is O/A 60 days.

3. Accounts receivable

	June 3	30, 2022	Decem	per 31, 2021	June	30, 2021
Accounts receivable - the related						
party						
Groups that have significant						
impact on the Group						
-Belkin	\$	234,637	\$	187,673	\$	243,910
-Cloud Network		199,999		95,781		100,175
-Mega Well		-		37,231		-
-Others		149		958		19,041
Affiliated companies		1,106		-		-
Total	\$	435,891	\$	321,643	\$	363,126
4. <u>Other accounts receivable</u>						
	June	30, 2022	Decei	mber 31, 2021	Jun	ie 30, 2021
Other receivables – the related party Groups that have significant impact on the Group						
 Hon Hai and its subsidiaries Affiliated companies Microelectronics Technology and 	\$	4,347	\$	995	5 \$	1,077
its subsidiaries		1,023		1,901	l	3,024
Total	\$	5,370	\$	2,896		4,101

Other receivables from the related party mainly are the purchase amount on behalf of the related party.

5. Accounts payable

Accounts payable – the related party	 	 	
Groups that have significant impact			
on the Group			
- FUHONG PRECISION	\$ 4,600	\$ 7,047	\$ -
- Foxconn Interconnect Technology			
Limited	16,391	6,298	8,482
- Others	7,450	2,296	5,322
Affiliated companies			
- Microelectronics Technology and its			
subsidiaries	669	24,018	31,568
Other related parties			
- Pan-International Industrial Corp.	8,037	943	1,048
- Garuda Technology Co., Ltd. and its			
subsidiaries	3,712	4,896	2,349
-Others	3,187	1,176	983
Total	\$ 44,046	\$ 46,674	\$ 49,752

Other payables 6.

	June	30, 2022	December 31, 2021		June 30, 2021	
Other payables – the related party						
Groups that have significant impact						
on the Group						
-Belkin	\$	3,058	\$	-	\$	7,284
- Hon Hai and its subsidiaries		4,610		6,036		3,887
-JUSDA		13,494		1,848		1,300
- Shenzhen Fertile Plan		-		3,374		287
Affiliated companies		131		205		831
Other related parties		357		464		249
Total	\$	21,650	\$	11,927	\$	13,838

Other payables to the related party mainly are payables of processing fee, labor service fee and freight.

- 7. <u>Lease transactions Lessee</u>
- (1) The Group rented buildings from FOXCONN Technology Co., Ltd. The tern of lease contract is 10 years and the rent is paid at the end of each month.
- (2) Lease liabilities

А.	Ending balance:	Inn	20 2022	December	21 2021	June 30, 2021		
			e 30, 2022	December		-		
	Other related parties	\$	531	\$	1,061	\$	1,581	
В.	Interest expenses:		For the	three-month	periods en	ded June	e 30	
			-)22	<u>r</u>	2021		
	Other related parties		\$	6	\$	2021	10	
	ould related purites		Ŷ	0	Ψ		10	
				ix-month p	eriods er		ne 30	
			-)22		2021		
	Other related parties		\$	11	\$		21	
Groups that Group	have significant impact on	the	202 \$	hree-month <u>p</u> 2 875	\$	2021	2,898	
Croup				six-month pe	eriods ende		30	
~ .			202	2		2021		
Groups that Group	t have significant impact on	the	\$	2,641	\$		6,199	
9. <u>Labor</u>	service fee							
			For the t	hree-month p	periods end	led June	30	
			202			2021		
Groups that	have significant impact on	the						
Group			\$	28	\$		426	
		:						

		For		k-month p	eriods e			
Groups that have significant impact Group	on th	e \$	2022	159	\$	202	812	
10. Property transaction								
(1) Acquisition of property, plan		equipment e 30, 2022	Dec	cember 31	, 2021	Jun	e 30, 2021	
Groups that have significant impact on the Group - Hon Hai and its subsidiaries Other related parties	6	659	\$		-	\$	-	
-FOXCONN Technology Co., Ltd.		-			389		389	
Total	6	659	\$		389	\$	389	
(2) Disposal of property, plant, a	nd ec	uipment						
		June 30					31, 2021	
		Proceeds om Disposal		(Loss)o isposal	Proc from D	eeds isposal	Gain(Loss) on Disposal	
Groups that have significant impact of the Group	n							
- Hon Hai and its subsidiaries	\$	1,492	\$	954	\$	-	\$ -	
11. Freight costs								
		For t	he thre 2022	ee-month	periods	ended Ju 202		
Groups that have significant impact Group	on th	e \$	2022	9,827	\$	202	3,737	
		For	For the six-month periods ended June 30					
Groups that have significant impact Group	on th	e \$	2022	17,526	\$	202	1 8,402	
12. <u>Rental revenue</u>							20	
			he three 2022	e-month	periods	ended Ju 202		
Affiliated companies -Microelectronics Technology and its subsidiaries Groups that have significant impact on Croup		\$		16,350	\$		14,821	
Group -Hon Hai and its subsidiaries		<u>_</u>		1,320	<u>_</u>		2,591	
Total		\$		17,670	\$		17,412	
		For	the six	k-month p	eriods e	nded Jui 202		
Affiliated companies -Microelectronics Technology and its		\$		32,041	\$		29,661	

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subsidiaries		
Groups that have significant impact on the		
Group		
-Hon Hai and its subsidiaries	3,772	5,043
Total	\$ 35,813	\$ 34,704

The Group leased property, plant and equipment to the related party on January 1 to June 30, 2022 and 2021. The rent price per square meter has no significant difference with those of the non-related party. The rent is collected every quarter.

13. Guarantee deposits

	June 30, 2022		Decembe	r 31, 2021	June 30, 2021		
Affiliated companies							
-Microelectronics Technology and its							
subsidiaries	\$	5,765	\$	5,765	\$	5,765	

(III) Information on the remuneration to the key management:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30						
		2022	, 2021				
Short-term employee benefits	\$	2,222	\$	2,382			
Benefits after severance/retirement		46		101			
Total	\$	2,268	\$	2,483			
	For the six-month periods ended June 30						
		2022	,	2021			
Short-term employee benefits	\$	4,307	\$	4,990			
Benefits after severance/retirement		147		202			
Total	\$	4,454	\$	5,192			

VIII. Pledged Assets

The details of the Group's assets provided as collateral are as follows:

			Е	Book value			
Asset item	June	30, 2022	Decem	ıber 31, 2021	June 30	0, 2022	Purpose of collateral
Time deposit (listed financial assets measured at amortized				_			Guarantee deposits of superficies, guarantees for customs duties
cost)	\$	22,284	\$	21,070	\$	21,067	customs duties

IX. Major Contingent Liabilities and Commitments Made Under Unrecognized Contracts

(I) <u>Contingency</u>

None.

(II) <u>Commitments</u>

None.

X. Losses Due to Major Disasters

None.

XI. Significant Subsequent Events

On May 9, 2022 the Company's Board of Directors resolved the issuance of 2,000 thousand employee restricted shares in the amount of \$20,000 thousand with a par value of \$10(in dollars) per share and resolved by stockholders on June 24, 2022 .The transaction was approved by the Financial Supervisory Committee on July 22, 2022 and the effective day was set by the company's Board of directors on August 11, 2022.

XII. Others

(I) Capital Management

The Group's capital management objective is intended to protect the Group's continued operation and maintain optimal capital structure to reduce capital cost and provide remuneration to the shareholder. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce liabilities.

(II) Financial instruments

1. Categories of financial instruments

	J	June 30, 2022		ember 31, 2021	June 30, 2021		
Financial assets Equity instrument investment specified by financial assets measured at fair value through other							
comprehensive income Financial assets measured at	\$	36,407	\$	71,932	\$	166,659	
amortized cost		4,378,362		4,441,296		4,333,924	
	\$	4,414,769	\$	4,513,228	\$	4,500,583	
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured							
at amortized cost Lease liabilities	\$	2,219,654 563,137	\$	1,443,347 584,367	\$	1,457,859 569,238	
	\$	2,782,791	\$	2,027,714	\$	2,027,097	

Note: The financial assets carried at amortized cost including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets measured at amortized cost, accounts receivables (including the related party), other receivables and guaranteed deposits paid; the financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include the short-term loans, accounts payable (including the related party), other payables (including the related party) and deposits received.

2. Risk management policy

- (1) Various financial risks have impact on the daily operation of the Group, including the market risk (including the exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To reduce adverse impact of uncertainty on the Group's financial performance, the Group used forward exchange contracts to hedge the risk of exchange rate. The derivative tools used by the Group are for hedging purpose instead of trading or speculation.
- (2) The risk management work is executed by the Group's financial department based on the policy approved by the board of directors. The Group's financial department is responsible for identifying, evaluating and hedging financial risks by the close cooperation with each business unit in the Group. The board of directors has established written principles for the overall risk management while providing written policy for certain scope and matters, such as exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, utilization of the financial and non-financial instruments and the investment principles of remained current funds.
- 3. Nature and degree of important financial risk
- (1) Market risk
 - Exchange rate risk
 - A. The Group is a multinational corporation. Therefore, the exchange rate risk resulted from transactions with functional currency relatively different from the Company and its subsidiaries mainly involve USD and RMB. Related exchange rate risks come from the future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.

- B. The management of the Group has established policy that regulates the management of the exchange rate risk which is relative to the functional currency of the Companies in the Group. Each Company shall adopt hedging policy against the overall exchange rate risk via the Group's financial department. The exchange rate risk is measured by the expected transactions with high possibility to generate USD and RMB expenses which adopt forward exchange contract to reduce impact of exchange rate fluctuation on the expected purchase inventory cost.
- C. The Group's business lines involved some non-functional currencies (the functional currency of the Company and some of its subsidiaries was NTD, and that of some subsidiaries is RMB). Therefore, the Company would be subject to the effect produced by fluctuation in foreign exchange rate. The information about assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency exposed to significant effect produced by fluctuation in foreign exchange rate is stated as follows:

June 30, 2022

					Julie 30	5, 2022				
							Sensiti	vity analysis		
			gn currency and dollars)	Exchange rate	Book amount (NTD)	Range of change		ct on profit or loss	compr	on other ehensive come
(Foreign currency: currency) <u>Financial assets</u>	functional									
Monetary items					* • • • • • • • •		*		*	
USD : NTD		\$	37,477	29.72	\$ 1,113,816	1%	\$	8,911	\$	-
RMB : NTD			2,157	4.439	9,575	1%		77		-
USD : RMB			744	6.695	22,112	1%		177		-
USD : VND <u>Financial liabilities</u> Monetary items			1,259	23,681.275	35,927	1%		289		-
USD : NTD			97,446	29.720	2,896,095	1%		23,169		-
					December	r 31, 2021				
							Sensiti	vity analysis		
			gn currency and dollars)	Exchange rate	Book amount (NTD)	Range of change		ct on profit or loss	compr	on other ehensive come
(Foreign currency: currency) <u>Financial assets</u> Monetary items	functional				`,					
USD : NTD		\$	44,621	27.680	\$ 1,235,109	1%	\$	9,863	\$	18
RMB : NTD		Ψ	2,144	4.344	9,314	1%	Ψ	75	Ψ	-
USD : RMB			15,690	6.372	434,299	1%		3,474		-
USD : VND <u>Financial liabilities</u> Monetary items			452	23,163.180	12,511	1%		100		-
USD : NTD			42,079	27.680	1,164,747	1%		9,318		-
					June 30	0, 2021				
							Sensiti	vity analysis	_	
			gn currency and dollars)	Exchange rate	Book amount (NTD)	Range of change		ct on profit or loss	compr	on other ehensive come
(Foreign currency: currency) <u>Financial assets</u> Monetary items	functional									
USD : NTD		\$	38,625	27.860	\$ 1,076,093	1%	\$	8,569	\$	40
RMB : NTD			2,131	4.309	9,182	1%		73		-
USD : RMB			3,649	6.466	101,661	1%		813		-
USD : VND <u>Financial liabilities</u> Monetary items			1,028	23,313.808	28,640	1%		229		-
USD : NTD			56,241	27.860	1,566,874	1%		12,535		-

D. The Group's total amount of all exchange gain (loss) (including the realized and unrealized) from monetary items due to significant impact of exchange rate fluctuation were NTD 7,921, NTD 983, NTD 27,797, and NTD 2,087 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Price risk

- A. The Group's equity instruments exposed to price risk are the holding financial assets measured at the fair value through profit or loss and financial assets measured at the fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage the price risk of the equity instrument investment, the Group separated the investment portfolio and the separation method is based on the limited amount set by the Group.
- B. The Group mainly invested in the equity instruments issued at home and abroad and the price of such equity instrument is affected by the uncertainty of the investment's future value. If the price of the equity instrument increase or decrease by 1% and all other factors remain unchanged, the other comprehensive income on January 1 to June 30, 2022 and 2021,will increase or decrease by NTD 364 and NTD 1,667 as a result of the profit or loss in equity instrument measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- (2) Credit risk
 - A. The Group's credit risk is the risk of financial loss that would be incurred by the Group if its customers or financial instrument trading counterparty fail to perform the contracts. This is mainly due to the trading counterparty cannot pay the accounts payable based on the payment conditions and the contractual cash flows of debt instrument investment classified as measured at amortized cost and fair value through profit or loss.
 - B. The Group established the credit risk management in the Group's aspect. For trading banks and financial institutes, only those with good credit can be accepted as trading counterparties. According to the loan policy expressly defined internally, each business department within the Group shall conduct the management and credit risk analysis on each new customer before setting payment and proposing the delivery terms and conditions. The internal risk control evaluates customers' credit quality by taking into consideration the customers' financial position, and past experience and other factors. The individual risk limit is set by the board of directors according to the internal or external ratings. The management will also control the periodic draw down of credit limits.
 - C. The Group adopts IFRS 9 for presumption that when the contract payment past due for over 90 days based on the agreed payment terms, the Group takes it as a default of the contract.
 - D. The following presumption provided by the Group adopts IFRS 9 as the basis to determine whether the credit risk of financial instrument increases significantly after the initial recognition:
 - (A) When the contract payment past due for over 30 days based on the

agreed payment terms, it is determined that the credit risk of financial instrument increased significantly after the initial recognition.

- (B) For bond investment traded in Taipei Exchange, those financial assets with investment grading rated by any external credit rating agency on balance sheet date are considered with low credit risk.
- E. The Group's indexes used to determine the debt instrument as credit impairment are as follows:
 - (A) Issuer has major financial difficulty or likely to wind up or proceed with other financial reorganizations;
 - (B) The active market of financial assets might extinguish due to financial difficulty of the issuer;
 - (C) Overdue or non-performance of interest or principal payment by the issuer;
 - (D) National or regional adverse economic changes related to the default of issuer.
- F. The Group classified the customer's notes and accounts receivable based on customer rating and the characteristics of customer and used the reserve matrix as the basis with simplified approach to estimate the expected credit losses.
- G. The Group offsets the amount of recoverable financial assets which cannot be reasonably expected after the recourse procedure. However, the Group will continue the legal recourse procedure to protect the creditor's right. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the Group does not have creditor's right which was written off with means of recourse.
- H. The Group adopted the business indicators of National Development Council for the future forward-looking considerations to adjust the established loss ratio based on certain period of history and current information to estimate the allowance loss of the notes and accounts (including the related parties) receivable. The reserve matrix on June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Undue		verdue 1 – 90 days		verdue 91 – 180 days		erdue 181 865 days		rdue more 365 days	Total
June 30, 2022	 									
Expected loss ratio	0.93%		3.42%		8.63%		25%		100.00%	
Total book value	\$ 1,062,860	\$	8,046	\$	139	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,071,045
Allowance loss	9,894		275		12		-		-	10,181
		O	verdue 1 –	0	verdue 91 –	Over	rdue more	Ove	rdue more	
	Undue		90 days		180 days	than	181 days	than	365 days	Total
<u>December 31,</u> 2021					¥		÷		<u> </u>	
Expected loss ratio	0.64%		3.10%		10.60%		24.05%		100.00%	
Total book value	\$ 1,043,022	\$	7,842	\$	2,102	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,052,966
Allowance loss	6,890		243		223		-		-	7,356
		0	verdue 1 –	0	verdue 91 –	Over	rdue more	Ove	rdue more	
	Undue		90 days		180 days	than	181 days	than	365 days	Total
June 30, 2021										
Expected loss ratio	0.55%		0.12%		2.60%		10.10%		100.00%	
Total book value	\$ 918,024	\$	6,373	\$	2,273	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 926,670
Allowance loss	6,192		8		59		-		-	6,259

- June 30, 2021 June 30, 2022 December 31, 2021 Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Undue \$ 1,062,860 \$ 1,043,022 \$ 918,024 Within 90 days 8,046 7,842 6,373 139 2,102 91 – 180 days 2,273 181 – 365 days 365 days and above \$ 1,071,045 \$ 1,052,966 926,670
- I. The aging analysis of accounts receivable (including the related party) is as follows:

The aging analysis stated above was based on the number of overdue days.

\$

J. The Group's statement of changes in the allowance loss for accounts receivable using the simplified approach is as follows:

	2022					
	Accounts receivable					
	(including t	(including the related party)				
January 1	\$	7,356				
Reversal of impairment loss	2					
June 30	\$	10,181				
	2021					
	Accounts receivable (including the related party)					
January 1	\$	8,882				
Impairment loss recognized	_ (2,623)				
June 30	\$	6,259				

- (3) Liquidity risk
 - The cash flow forecast is executed by each business department in the Group A. and summarized by the Group's finance department. The finance department of the Group supervises the forecast of the Group's current fund demand to ensure there are sufficient fund to support the operating needs.
 - Β. The following table refers to the non-derivative financial liabilities and grouped subject to the relevant expiry dates. The non-derivative financial liabilities are analyzed based on the residual period from the date of balance sheet until the expiry date. The contractual cash flow amount disclosed in the following statement is the undiscounted amount.

Non-derivative financial									
<u>liabilities</u>									
June 30, 2022	With	in 1 year	1 to	o 2 years	2 t	o 5 years	Ov	er 5 years	
Deposit received	\$	6,484	\$	349	\$	-	\$	456	
Lease liabilities		69,143		67,577		200,496		324,749	
	\$	75,627	\$	67,926	\$	200,496	\$	325,205	
Non-derivative financial									
<u>liabilities</u>									
December 31, 2021	With	in 1 year	1 to	o 2 years	2 t	o 5 years	Over 5 years		
Deposit received	\$	7,381	\$	50	\$	-	\$	456	
Lease liabilities		67,489		66,672		202,862		350,855	
	\$	74,870	\$	66,722	\$	202,862	\$	351,311	
Non-derivative financial									
<u>liabilities</u>									
June 30,2021	With	in 1 year	1 to	o 2 years	2 t	o 5 years	Ov	er 5 years	
Deposit received	\$	5,791	\$	769	\$	-	\$	456	
Lease liabilities		62,076		61,056		184,109		374,835	
	\$	67,867	\$	61,825	\$	184,109	\$	375,291	

Except for those specified above, the non-derivative financial liabilities of the Group will expire within the coming year.

- (III) Fair value information
 - 1. The levels of the valuation technique adopted to measure the fair value of the financial and non-financial instruments are defined as follows:
 - Level 1: The quotation of the same asset or liability in an active market on the measurement date acquired by the enterprise (before adjustment). The active market means the market in which there are frequent and large volumes of transactions to provide the information about pricing on an ongoing basis. The fair value of TPEx-listed share invested by the Group belongs to this level.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of derivatives invested by the Group belongs to this level.
 - Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on.
 - 2. The following is the analysis regarding the Group's classification of the financial instruments measured at fair value based on the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities as well as the levels of fair value

June 30, 2022 <u>Recurring fair value assets:</u> Equity security of financial assets measured at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
through other comprehensive income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,407	\$ 36,407
December 31, 2021 <u>Recurring fair value assets:</u> Equity security of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Level 1 \$ 2,211	Level 2	Level 3 \$ 69,721	Total \$ 71,932
June 30, 2021 <u>Recurring fair value assets:</u> Equity security of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Level 1 \$ 5,009	Level 2	Level 3	Total \$ 166,659

- 3. The methods and assumptions used by the Group to measure fair value is as follows:
- (1) The Group's fair value inputs (i.e. Level 1) adopting the quoted market price are listed in the following based on the characteristics of the instruments:

TWSE/TPEx	listed	stocks	

- Quoted market price Closing price (2) Except for the financial instrument in the active market, the fair value of other financial instruments is based on the evaluation technology or the quotation of the counterparty. The fair value acquired through the evaluation technology can take reference from other substantial conditions and similar financial instruments' current fair value and discounted cash flow method or other evaluation technology, including the market information that can be acquired on the date of preparing the consolidated balance sheet. The information is then used on a calculation model (such as yield curve referred by Taipei Exchange and the average quotation of Reuters commercial paper rate).
- (3) When evaluating unstandardized financial instruments with low complexity such as debt instrument without active market, interest rate swap contract, exchange swap contract and options, the Group adopts evaluation technology widely used in the market participants. The parameters used by the evaluation model of such financial instruments usually are information observable in the market.
- (4) The Group includes the credit valuation adjustment in the consideration for the fair value calculation of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect the credit risk of the trading counterparty and the credit quality of the Group, respectively.
- 4. There was no transfer between level 1 and level 2 on January 1 to June 30, 2022 and 2021.
- 5. The following statement is the changes in level 3 on January 1 to June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Equity									
	Instruments									
	2	2022		2021						
January 1	\$	69,721	\$	23,863						
Refunds from decapitalization of invested equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	(1,260)						
Profit or loss recognized under other comprehensive income	(36,170)		139,915						
Foreign exchange rate effect		2,856	(868)						
March 31	\$	36,407	\$	161,650						

- 6. There was no transfer-in and transfer-out from level 3 on January 1 to June 30, 2022 and 2021.
- 7. For the Group's evaluation process for fair value classified as level 3, the finance department is responsible to conduct the independent fair value validation of the financial instrument. The department confirms the reasonableness of the evaluation result by making the evaluation result closer to the market status with information from independent sources, confirming the information source is independent, reliable and consistent with other resources and represents executable price, regularly calibrating evaluation model, conducting roll-back test, updating required input value and data as well as other necessary fair value adjustment for evaluation model.
- 8. For the evaluation model used by the measurement item of level 3 fair value, the quantitative information of unobservable major input and sensitivity analysis for the changes in unobservable major input are as follows:

Delationshin

		r value on e 30, 2022	Evaluation technology	Unobservable major input	Relationship between input and fair value
Non-derivative equity instruments: Stocks of venture capital companies	\$	36,407	Net asset value method	N/A	N/A
Non-derivative equity instruments:	Dec	r value on ember 31, 2021	Evaluation technology	Unobservable major input	Relationship between input and fair value
Stocks of venture capital companies	\$	69,721	Net asset value method	N/A	N/A
Non-derivative equity		r value on e 30, 2021	Evaluation technology	Unobservable major input	Relationship between input and fair value
Stocks of venture capital companies	\$	161,650	Net asset value method	N/A	N/A

(IV) Other Issues

Due to the epidemic of novel coronavirus pneumonia and the government's promotion of various epidemic prevention measures, the Group has taken countermeasures and continued to manage the related issues, which had no significant impact on the Group's operations and business for the three months ended June 30, 2022.

XIII. Noted Disclosures

- (I) Information related to material transactions
 - 1. Loans to others: None.
 - 2. Endorsement/guarantee made for others: None.
 - 3. Marketable securities held at year-end (excluding investments in subsidiaries, affiliated companies, and joint venture): Please refer to Attachment I.
 - 4. Accumulated amount of the same marketable security purchased or sold reaching NTD 300 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
 - 5. Amount on acquisition of property reaching NTD 300 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
 - 6. Amount on disposal of property reaching NTD 300 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
 - 7. Purchase/sale amount of transactions with the related party reaching NTD 100 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital: Please refer to Attachment II.
 - 8. Accounts receivable from the related party reaching NTD 100 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital: Please refer to Attachment III.
 - 9. Engagement in derivatives trading: None.
 - 10. Business relationship and major transactions between parent company and subsidiaries and among subsidiaries and amounts: Please refer to Attachment IV
- (II) Information related to reinvested enterprises

Information related to the invested company, such as names and locations, etc. (excluding the invested company in China): Please refer to Attachment V.

(III) Information about investment in Mainland China

- 1. Basic information: Please refer to Attachment VI.
- 2. Major transactions with the invested company in China either directly or indirectly with occurrence through third regions: Please refer to Attachment VII.

(IV) Major Shareholder information

Major Shareholder information: None.

XIV. Business Segment Information

(I) <u>General information</u>

The Company only engages in one industry and the Group's operating decision maker, the

board of directors, adopts the overall group financial statements to evaluate performance and distribute resources. Therefore, the Company is identified to be single reportable segment.

(II) Segment Information Measurement

The Group is a single reportable segment. The Group's operating decision maker, the board of directors, adopts profit after tax in the financial statements for measurement and as the basis of performance evaluation. Therefore, the business segment information is consistent with the information of main financial statements.

(III) Information by product type and labor service:

The Group manufactures and sells broadband network security router and wireless LAN products. The Group belongs to one industry since its product feature and manufacturing process are similar while the market and sales methods are the same. Therefore, the disclosure of industrial information is not applicable.

CyberTAN Technology Inc. Securities – Ending (Excluding Those Controlled by Invested Subsidiaries, Affiliated Companies and Joint Ventures) June 30, 2022

Unit: NTD thousand

Attachment I

								(Unless otherw	vise specified)
					Т	ransaction			_
Holding company	Type and name of securities (Note 1)	Relationship with the issuer of securities (Note 2)	Account title	Number of shares	Book amount (Note 3)	Shareholdin ratio	g	Fair value	Remarks (Note 4)
CyberTAN Technology Inc.	Solutionsoft Systems, Inc.	-	Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	5.25%	\$	-	-
CyberTAN (B.V.I) InvestmentCorp.	Innovation Works Limited	-	//	41,755	36,407	2.71%		36,407	-
Ta Tang Investment Co., Ltd.	Protop Technology Co., Ltd.	-	//	142,408	-	0.06%		-	

Note 1: The securities referred to in the table means the stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates within the "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" of IAS 39 and other securities deriving from these items.

Note 2: This column is not required if the issuer of the securities is not a related party.

Note 3: Where fair value measurement is used, please fill in the "book value" column with the book value after the valuation adjustment of the fair value and deduction of any accumulated loss; otherwise, please complete the column with the initial acquisition cost or the book value of the amortized cost net of the accumulated loss.

Note 4: For any securities in the table that are provided as a guarantee, pledged for loans, or restricted pursuant to any agreement, the number of stocks provided for guarantee or pledged for loans, the amount of the guarantee or pledge, or the restrictions shall be indicated in the Remarks.

CyberTAN Technology Inc. Purchase/Sale Amount of Transactions with Related Parties Reaching NTD 100 Million or More Than 20% of Paid-in Capital January 1 to June 30, 2022

Attachment II

											(Unless	otherwise speci	ified)
									litions different se of regular				
					_			transactions and reasons			otes/accou		
		-		Transaction				thereof			(pay	yable)	_
												Percentage in	
						Percentage in						total notes/accounts	8
			Purchase			total purchases						receivable	Remarks
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship	(sale)		Amount	(sales)	Loan period	Unit price	Loan period		Balance	(payable)	(Note 2)
CyberTAN Technology Inc.	Chongqing Hongdaofu Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Company	Purchase	\$	281,752	15.99%	Payment term: \$ O/A 60 days	-	Payment term for regular customers: O/A 60 days	(\$	36,078)	(3.56%)	-
"	HON YAO FU Technology Company Limited	"	Purchase		1,667,870	94.68%	Payment term: O/A 60 days	-	Payment term for regular customers: O/A 60 days		-	0.00%	-
"	Belkin International, Inc.	Groups that have significant impact on the Group	Sale		453,990	(23.18%)	Collection term: Net 75 days	-	Payment term for regular customers: O/A 60 days		234,637	22.12%	-
"	Cloud Network Technology Singapore Pte. Ltd.	"	Sale		343,603	(17.54%)	Collection term: Net 75 days	-	Payment term for regular customers: O/A 60 days		199,999	18.85%	-

Unit: NTD thousand

Note 1: If the conditions of trading with related parties are different from those of regular transactions, the difference and the reasons thereof shall be indicated in the "unit price" and "loan period" columns.

Note 2: In case of receipts in advance or prepayments, the reasons, agreed terms and conditions, amount, and the difference from regular transactions shall be indicated in the Remarks.

Note 3: The paid-in capital means that of the parent company. For the shares of any issuer without a par value or where the par value per share is not NTD 10, the transaction amount of 20% of the paid-up capital shall be calculated as 10% of the equity attributable to the owner of the parent company shown in the balance sheet.

CyberTAN Technology Inc. Accounts Receivable from Related Parties Reaching NTD 100 Million or More Than 20% of Paid-in Capital January 1 to June 30, 2022

Attachment III

Unit: NTD thousand (Unless otherwise specified)

		Overdue accounts receivable from related parties								n Subsequent		
Company stating in receivables	s Counterparty	Relationship Balance of accounts Turnover rate receivable from related parties (Note 1)				A	Amount Treatment				Appropriated lowance for bad debt	
		Groups that have significar impact on the	ıt				_				1,509	
CyberTAN Technology Inc.	Belkin International, Inc. Cloud Network Technology	Group	\$	234,637	2.17%	\$		-	\$	12,896\$		
"	Singapore Pte. Ltd. HON YAO FU Technology Company	Subsidiary of	\$	199,999	2.32%	\$	-	-	\$	28,830\$	1,320	
//	Limited	the Company		993,745	-	\$	-	-	\$	223,713 \$	6,559	

(Table of Other receivables) (Note3)

Note 1: Please list the amount of notes/accounts receivable, other receivables, etc., from related parties, respectively.

Note 2: The paid-in capital means that of the parent company. For the shares of any issuer without a par value or where the par value per share is not NTD 10, the transaction amount of 20% of the paid-up capital shall be calculated as 10% of the equity attributable to the owner of the parent company shown in the balance sheet.

Note 3 : Those were Receivables from purchasers of raw materials.

CyberTAN Technology Inc. Business Relationship and Major Transactions between the Parent Company and Its Subsidiaries and among Subsidiaries and Amounts January 1 to June 30, 2022

Attachment IV

Transaction

No.			Relationship with trader				Percentage in total consolidated operating revenue or assets
(Note 1)	Trader	Counterparty	(Note 2)	Title	Amount	Trading conditions	(Note 3)
0	CyberTAN Technology Inc.	Chongqing Hongdaofu Technology Co., Ltd.	1	Purchase	\$ 281,752	Payment term: O/A 90 days; payment term for regular customers: O/A 60 days.	14.40%
//	11	11	1	Accounts payable	36,078	Payment term: O/A 90 days; payment term for regular customers: O/A 60 days	0.44%
//	11	HON YAO FU TechnologyCompany Limited	1	Purchase	1,667,870	Payment term: O/A 90 days; payment term for regular customers: O/A 60 days.	85.26%
//	11	11	1	Other receivables	993,745	Collection term: O/A 60 days; collection term for general customers: O/A 60 days.	12.20%
1	Fuhongkang Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	CyberTAN Corp. (U.S.A)	3	Other receivables	27,581	Collection term: O/A 90 days; collection term for general customers: O/A 30–90 days.	0.34%

The business transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries shall be indicated in the "No." column. This column shall be completed as follows: Note 1: (1) 0 is reserved for the parent company.

(2) Each subsidiary is numbered in sequential order starting from 1.

Note 2: The relationship with the related parties is classified into three categories as follows. It is only necessary to mark the type. (Repeated disclosure is not necessary for the same transaction between the parent company and its subsidiaries or between the subsidiaries. In case of the transaction in the form of parent company to a subsidiary, for example, if the parent company has disclosed the transaction, the subsidiary is not necessary to disclose the same repeatedly; in case of the transaction in the form of subsidiary to subsidiary, if a subsidiary has disclosed the transaction, the other subsidiary is not necessary to disclose the same.) (1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company.

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: To calculate the percentage of the transaction amount in total consolidated operating revenue or assets, the share of the balance at ending of the period in the total consolidated assets is used as the basis of the calculation under the item of assets/liabilities; the share of the interim accumulated amount in the total consolidated operating revenue is used as the basis for the calculation under the item of profit/loss.

The disclosure threshold for intercompany transactions is \$10 million. Note 4:

Unit: NTD thousand (Unless otherwise specified)

CyberTAN Technology Inc. Name and Territory of Invested Companies and Other Relevant Information (Excluding Invested Companies in China) January 1 to June 30, 2022

				Original investment amount (Note)		Shareholding at the end of the period				Profit (loss) from investments				
Name of investor	Name of invested company	Territory	Main business operation	End of current period	End of last year	Number of shares	Ratio	Book amount	of in	ent profit (loss) vested company (Note 2 (2))	reco cui	gnized in the rrent period Note 2 (3))	Remarks	
CyberTAN Technology Inc.	CyberTAN Corp. (U.S.A)	USA	Sales of wired and wireless communication equipment	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,165	600,000	100.00%	\$ 52,998	\$	4,975	\$	5,033	-	
//	Ta Tang Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	General investment business	100,000	100,000	10,000,000	100.00%	204,624		7,726		7,726	-	
11	CyberTAN TechnologyCorp. (B.V.I)	British Virgin Islands	General investment business	704,190	704,190	22,043,717	100.00%	614,606	(24,721)	(24,024)	-	
//	Microelectronics Technology, Inc.	Taiwan	Design, manufacturing and sale of terrestrial microwave communication products	1,594,066	1,498,555	54,190,749	22.77%	988,960	(269,524)	(61,226)	-	
//	Mega Power Ventures Inc.	Taiwan	General investment business	11,555	14,000	1,400,000	25.00%	26,651		10,866		244	-	
CyberTAN (B.V.I) Investment Corp.	CyberTAN Technology (HONGKONG) Limited	Hong Kong	General investment business	211,072	211,072	-	100.00%	369,987	(42,734)	(43,734)	-	
//	HON YAO FU Technology Company Limited	Vietnam	Development, manufacturing and sale of high-end routers	277,119	277,119	-	100.00%	220,515	(17,114)		16,195	-	

Note 1: When the listed company has set up any holding company overseas and used the consolidated financial statements as the main financial statements pursuant to local laws, the information on overseas invested companies may be disclosed only to the extent that the information is related to the holding company.

Note 2: Otherwise, the table shall be completed as follows:

(1) The "name of invested company," "territory," "main business operation," "original investment amount" and "shareholding at the end of the period" columns should be completed sequentially based on the Company's (listed company's) investment and each of its reinvestments in directly or indirectly controlled-invested companies. The relationship (subsidiary or sub-subsidiary) of each invested company with the Company (listed company) should be indicated in the Remarks.

(2) The "current profit (loss) of invested company" column should be filled in with the amount of the current profit/loss of each invested company.

(3) The "profit (loss) from investments recognized in the current period" column should be filled in only with the amount, recognized by the Company (listed company), of the profit/loss from direct investments in each subsidiary and of the profit/loss of each invested company valued under the equity method, and it is not necessary to provide other profits/losses. When providing "the recognized amount of the current profit/loss from direct investments in each subsidiary," it should ensure that the current profit/loss amount of each subsidiary includes any profit/loss from reinvestments that shall be recognized in accordance with regulations.

Unit: NTD thousand (Unless otherwise specified)

CyberTAN Technology Inc. Information on Investments in Mainland China – Basic Information January 1 to June 30, 2022

Attachment VI

Name of Chinese invested		Paid-in capital	Method of investment (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of investments from Taiwan at the beginning of current	Amount of remitted or curren	investments recovered in t period	Accumulated amount of investments from Taiwan at the end of current period		The Company's shareholding ratio of direct or d indirect investment	Profit (loss) from investments recognized in current period (Note 2)	Investment book value – ending	Profit received from investments as of the end of current period	Remarks
company Fuhongkang Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Development, manufacturing and sale \$ of high-end routers	168,188	(2)	\$ 212,868	Remittance	Recovery \$ -	\$ 212,868	(\$ 42,734)	100%	(\$ 42,734)	\$ 369,987	\$ -	
Chongqing Hongdaofu Technology Co., Ltd.	Development, manufacturing and sale of high-end routers	257,298	(3)				-	(46,936)	100%	(45,320)	11,345	-	-

			Limit on the
			amount of
			investments in
	Accumulated amount	Investment amount	Mainland China
	of investments from	approved by the	specified by the
	Taiwan to Mainland	Investment	Investment
	China at the end of	Commission,	Commission,
Name of company	current period	MOEA	MOEA (Note 4)
Fuhongkang Technology	\$212,868	\$217,521	\$ 3,142,664
(ShCo., Ltd	(USD6,344)	(USD6,500)	\$ 5,142,004

Note 1: Investment is classified into following three categories. It is only necessary to mark the type:

(1) Engaged in direct investment in Mainland China.

(2) Reinvested in Mainland China through a company in a third area, CyberTAN Technology (HONG KONG) Limited.

(3) Others: Directly reinvested in Chinese companies through investment in the Chinese companies.

Note 2: In the "profit (loss) from investments recognized in the current period" column:

- (1) An indication is needed if the investment is under preparation and there is no profit or loss.
- (2) There are following three profit/loss recognition bases. The appropriate one must be indicated.
- A. The financial statements audited and approved by an international accounting firm that has collaboration relationship with an accounting firm in the Republic of China

B. The financial statements audited by a CPA of the parent company in Taiwan

- C. Others
- Note 3: All amounts in the table should be stated in NTD.

Note 4: Pursuant to the newly amended "Review Principles of Investment and Engagement of Technological Cooperation in Mainland China" of Ministry of Economic Affairs Review No.09704604680 dated August 29, 2008, the ceiling amount of the investment in China which is 60% of consolidated net worth or net worth (higher).

Unit: NTD thousand (Unless otherwise specified)

CyberTAN Technology Inc.

Information on Investments in Mainland China – Major Transactions with Invested Companies in China, either Directly or Indirectly, through A Business in A Third Area January 1 to June 30, 2022

Attachment VII

Unit: NTD thousand (Unless otherwise specified)

	Sale (purc	hase)	Property tra	insaction	Accounts re (payab		Endorsement s or pledges of	-		Finan	cing		
	•		• •			-	Balance at ending of		Maximum	Balance at ending of	Range of interest	Current	_
invested company	Amount	%	Amount	%	Balance	%	period	Purpose	balance	period	rates	interest	Others
Chongqing Hongdaofu													
Technology Co., Ltd. (S	\$ 281,752) ((15.99%)	\$ -	-	(\$ 36,078)	(3.56%)	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	-
Fuhongkang													Other
Technology													payables
(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$27,581